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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Weavers at the Sagamore cotton mill, Fall River, struck yesterday. —— The breach of promise suit against the Duke of Manchester has been compromised. —— Prince Henry of Prussia, and party, will sail for New York about Feby. 15th. —— The Senate confirmed the nominations of Dancy and Dockery. —— Negro charged with assaulting Mrs. Webber and cutting her throat, at Lynchburg, Va., is in jail at Rockville, Va. —— Two men killed and several others injured in a train wreck at O'Keene, Kas. —— Two freight trains wrecked in Alabama; one man killed. —— Fire at Ashpole, Robeson county, N. C., destroyed eight stores and two dwellings. —— Arrangements will be made by the President and Cabinet for a fitting reception to Prince Henry of Prussia. —— Gov. Candler of Georgia, expresses his desire to help the McKinley monument fund. —— Emperor William's yacht, now being constructed in this country, is to be christened "Alice," in honor of Miss Alice Roosevelt. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 4½@5 per cent.; cotton quiet at 8¼c; flour market was easier and less active; wheat—spot weak; No. 2 red 89½c; corn—spot easy; No. 2 69½c; rosin steady; strained common to good $1.50@1.55; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 13.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 25 degrees; 8 P. M., 32 degrees; maximum, 38 degrees; minimum, 22 degrees; mean, 30 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, .00 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan 13.—For North Carolina—Fair, continued cold Tuesday; Wednesday fair and not so cold; fresh westerly winds, becoming variable.

Port Almanac—January 14.

Sun Rises	7.09 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.10 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 1 M.
High Water at Southport	11.16 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	1 48 A. M.

The tea tax (war tax) brings in a revenue of $9,000,000 a year to the Government and will be apt to stick.

A Baltimore jeweller has succeeded in engraving the letters of the alphabet in capitals on a pin head. As it was his first attempt and was done in an hour and a half with a common engraving instrument, he is proud of the job.

The meat packers in Chicago have succeeded in cornering the egg supply and have run the price up to 30 cents a dozen. This is taking a mean advantage of the hen as this is not her season for getting in her best work.

Some of the jewelry venders of Chicago would like to know the present whereabouts of Mrs. Celia Wallace, who at the World's Fair ball wore a $150,000 diamond dress, which was a stunner. She has disappeared with I. O. U's. out for $10,000 worth of jewelry.

A St. Louis woman wants a divorce because her husband runs a tandem bike, has a weakness for soothing and insists that she furnish her part of the motive power when he scorches. She didn't like it and the only way she sees for breaking up that tandem business is by a dissolution of partnership.

A Mississippi judge has recently decided that a negro's head is a deadly weapon. In that case it was used as a battering ram and knocked the stuffing out of another son of Ham. There is no law in that State against carrying deadly weapons of that kind, so the negro can be punished only for the use he made of the weapon.

President Roosevelt has given the loyal Republicans of Mississippi a jolt by appointing a Bryan Democrat district attorney and another B. D. U. S. marshal. He also turned down a veteran negro politician, who was register of the land office at Jackson and appointed a white Republican in his place.

The Baltimore *Sun* Almanac for 1902 is an interesting and comprehensive compilation of valuable information and will be found useful as a book for ready reference. It is conveniently arranged, clearly printed in good readable type, with some features not found in the almanacs of preceding years. It is not published for sale but for presentation to subscribers to the *Sun*.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy

LOCAL DOTS.

— Clarendon Lodge, K. of P., will confer the third rank upon a candidate to night.

— The regular quarterly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Associated Charities will be held at the office of the Association this morning at 11 o'clock.

— A correspondent from Washington writes that Thad Jones, of Kenansville, is in Washington advocating the appointment of Mr. B. F. Keith to the Collectorship.

— Mr. Louis King has taken the management of a new shoe store which Mr. J. W. H. Fuchs has opened next door south of his grocery store, near Front and Orange streets.

— Mr. J. W. Brooks, of the firm of Brooks & Taylor, has returned from Washington, where he went to look after his chances for the appointment to the Collectorship at Wilmington.

— The Clyde Line steamship *Geo. W. Clyde* is delayed this week on account of snow and ice at Providence and will not arrive from New York until Thursday morning, two days late.

— The steamer *Southport*, while on her way to Fort Caswell Sunday afternoon, broke her propeller shaft. She was brought up to the ways yesterday by the steamer *Wilmington* for repairs.

— Florence *Times 13th*: "Mr. C. Davis, with the Atlantic Coast Line painting force, is here repainting the passenger depot the standard color. The tinning force completed its work Saturday."

— By deed filed for record yesterday James B. Watters and wife transferred to C. E. Bender, a lot on the north side of Castle street, between Sixth and Seventh, size 53x118 feet; consideration, $1,000.

— British steamship *Wingrove* arrived yesterday from New York, to Messrs. Sprunt & Son for cargo of cotton. Norwegian barque *Taurus* arrived from Savannah to Messrs. Heide & Co., for naval stores.

— Messrs. Hall & Pearsall advertise the receipt of a car of Peirce's famous vegetable baskets that are offered the trade at reasonable figures. They also advertise white Spring and rust proof oats and seed potatoes.

— Mr. P. N. Timmerman, formerly A. C. L. station master at Florence, has been given a similar place with the Union Station Company at Columbia, S. C. He has not yet accepted, nor have arrangements been made for his successor.

— The bar of the city met yesterday at the Court House to arrange the calendar for next week's term of court, but adjourned immediately, so that all who desired could attend the funeral of the late Mr. Chadbourn. The adjourned meeting will be held to-day at 11 A. M.

— New York *Herald*: "Mrs. Henry M. Flagler had a special train this morning to take the members of her house party to Miami for the day. Among those on the trip were Miss Kenan, Mrs. William R. Kenan, Miss Bolles, of Wilmington; Mr. Jos. R. Parrott and Mr. James E. Ingraham."

— Stocksdale, of the pitching staff of the late Raleigh baseball team, has been engaged until May to coach the Trinity team. "Big Bill" Kemmer, formerly of the Portsmouth team, is wanted by the New Orleans and Newark teams, but Kemmer says he prefers remaining in North Carolina or Virginia.

— In the police court yesterday Walter Silvey, white, was given thirty days on the county roads for having been drunk and disorderly; Louis Lavendar was given the same sentence for a similar offence; S. Sampson was given thirty days for interfering with Officer Leon George in making Lavendar's arrest, and Gilbert Wingate was required to pay the costs in a case against him for being drunk and down.

Fires Yesterday and Sunday.

At 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning the department responded to a telephone alarm of fire from the residence of Alderman George Harriss, 613 Market street. The blaze was caused by the burning out of a chimney and the damage was very slight. At 9:42 A. M. Sunday the alarm from box 26 was on account of a blaze from sparks from the house, No. 311 Walker's alley, owned by Mr. Vance Norwood and occupied by Elijah Bunting, colored. The damage did not exceed $5. The alarm from box 17, same day, at 11:15 A. M., was on account of another small blaze at 501 Nixon street, owned and occupied by Peter Boyd, colored.

Death of a Young Man.

Mr. John H. Swain, aged 20 years and a son of Mrs. S. A. Swain, died yesterday at 1 P. M. at his home, No. 704 South Third street, after a lingering illness with consumption. The funeral will be held at 3 P. M. to-day, Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure officiating. The interment will be in Bellevue. Mr. Swain is survived, besides a sorrowing mother, by a brother, Master Herbert Swain, and sister, Miss Katie Swain.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

City Clerk—Market notice.
Hall & Pearsall—Of interest.
R. R. Bellamy—Special for to-day.
Meeting—Stockholders of Murchison National Bank.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

For Rent—Furnished room.

OAKDALE CEMETERY.

Annual Meeting of Lot Owners and Board of Directors Last Night.

AMENDMENTS TO CHARTER.

Certain Changes Regarding Name and Perpetual Care Fund Were Effected. Expressions Upon Mr. Chadbourn's Death—Officers.

The annual meeting of lot owners in Oakdale cemetery was held last night at the office of the secretary and treasurer, Mr. Richard J. Jones, No. 205½ Princess street. Features of the meeting were the reading of the annual reports, the election of officers and directors and the adoption of an amendment to the constitution with reference to the "Perpetual Agreement Fund" and in conformity to an act passed by the last Legislature.

There was a good attendance and Mr. W. H. Chadbourn was called to the chair, Mr. Richard J. Jones, in his accustomed place as secretary. After dispensing with routine work, the report of the secretary and treasurer was read by Mr. J. C. Stevenson. It was carefully prepared in detail and indicated skilled management of the cemetery and a healthy condition of the finances of the company. There was a balance Jan. 1st of $22,280.89 to the credit of the general fund and $15,193 to the "Perpetual Care Fund." The report dealt in detail with the establishment and growth of the latter fund and was preparatory to the change in constitution effected later. Mr. Stevenson, in reading the report of Mr. Jones, paid a high tribute to that official and the neatness of his valuable report.

The report of Mr. Timothy Donlan, the superintendent of the cemetery, was also read by Mr. Stevenson and is as follows:

Number of interments, 119, of which 95 died in Wilmington, and 29 were brought here for burial. Number of removals, 17, of which 13 were made on the cemetery and 5 were taken out; 4 to High Point, N. C., and one to Richmond, Va. Lots sold, 23½; lots put on "perpetual care list," 21½; lots kept in order, 560, of which 173 are on the perpetual care list. Neglected lots cleaned once in April and once in September, 450. No charge made and 121 lots kept in order which are staked on the new grounds and ready for sale; on which grass has been planted and some 120 trees and plants set out and all doing well, as you well know. We do not plant trees in Oakdale only to grow.

Much care is given to the new sections lately opened to bring that part of the cemetery up to, if not to surpass, the other portions in beauty. I am still working on those new grounds, having done little at this work during the Summer months and having a large amount of material to remove so as to get the proper grade, so as to get the best result in grading grounds. The best results are from large sections when opened, as the removal of sand is done by levelling up the valleys at some places, or in other words, doing two things at one and the same time. This is where the saving comes in.

During the past year I have macadamized 450 square yards of road. The rock is on that drive leading from Geo. W. Williams' lot to and around the Summer house, and from the present outlook this Spring by paving the gutters and terracing the banks along this drive. I am levelling an avenue just north of the Jewish lot, which required a large amount of filling in, and when levelled up will place rock on it. A large amount I have already crushed. Of this I got much of it the past year for merely the hauling, which cost about 75c. per cubic yard. Hereafter it will cost 30c. more as the owner wants pay for it.

I have had drilled a well, 42½ feet, mostly through rock, as the ground where I put it is only about six feet about water level. When drilled through a very hard rock water raised 34 feet in the pipes. The drill was 3-inch inside of a 2½ inch pipe. It cost, everything included, $32. A large amount of work has been done the past year for which no charge has been made; 680 graves turfed and 560 tombstones and monuments cleaned. This class of work is increasing and will in time require a large amount of labor. In some of the lots to-day are ten or more monuments and headstones to be kept clean and graves returfed.

The past year 3,000 feet of fence has been repaired and 4,000 feet whitewashed. The stock consists of three mules, three carts and harness, one road roller and double set of harness, engine house and engine and rock crusher and the necessary tools, summer house, the lodge and furniture and tool house, stables and lime and hay house, 150 cubic yards of rock, 600 feet of grave stone, 1,000 brick, 500 feet pipe and the general working tools. I have saved four tons of hay.

Mr. Stevenson next made his report as president, which was verbal. He said it would be superfluous to attempt to add anything to the two excellent reports just submitted; all the active work was covered in them but he would say the policy of improvement, entered upon last year, had gone steadily forward. The work was being done in a very conservative way and the directors endorsed it. No disaster had come to the invested fund in 35 years, save the failure of the Bank of New Hanover and that involved less than $300.

He feelingly announced the death of Mr. James H. Chadbourn, a member of the Board of Directors, and paid a beautiful tribute to his memory.

Mr. Jacobi spoke upon the conclusion of Mr. Stevenson's report and moved for a committee to draft suitable resolutions but he was informed that that painful duty had already been considered by the directors.

Mr. Stevenson read the proposed amendments to the constitution, and by authority of an act of the last Legislature the name of the cemetery owners was changed in the charter from "proprietors of the Wilmington Cemetery" to the "Oakdale Cemetery Company." The other change, likewise by authority of the Legislature, was made. It creates a Board of Trustees for the "Perpetual Agreement Fund" and provides that the fund shall be used in no other way than that of keeping the lots of those who have contributed to the fund.

The next business transacted was the re-election of Mr. J. C. Stevenson as president and the choosing of the following directors: Owen Fennell, W. W. Yopp, W. H. Northrop, Hugh MacRae, J. L. Cantwell and W. H. Chadbourn, the last named being to succeed his brother, the lamented Mr. James H. Chadbourn.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors the re-election of Mr. Stevenson was confirmed and Messrs. Richard J. Jones and Timothy Donlan were re-elected to the offices of secretary and treasurer and superintendent, respectively.

The re election of a Board of Trustees for the "Perpetual Fund" was suggested, but it was deemed expedient to postpone its choice until the next regular meeting, which will be held on the grounds of the cemetery.

Capt. Northrop then read the expressions concerning Mr. Chadbourn's death which are published in another column. Mr. Jones called attention to the singular coincidence that Mr. Chadbourn died on the 26th anniversary of his first election as a director and that upon the day of his funeral, his cherished idea of a change in the "perpetual care fund" was introduced into the constitution.

WILL ATTEND THE GRAND LODGE.

Masons Assemble in Raleigh To-night. Great Year for the Order.

A number of the Wilmington Masons will leave to-day to attend the 115th annual communication of the Grand Lodge at Raleigh, beginning at 7:30 o'clock to-night.

The past year has been one of the most successful the Masons of North Carolina have ever experienced. The report of Grand Secretary John C. Drewry, shows that there are a total of 12,012 Masons in the State, which is an increase of over 400 in membership. Eight new lodges were organized last year, one revived and four surrendered their charters. The number of lodges in the jurisdiction is 334. The number of initiations last year were 975, the number admitted 267, the number reinstated was 114, the number suspended 47, the number expelled 17, the number withdrawn 419 and the number died 206. Receipts from all sources were $7,647.55, of which $7 394.05 was from lodge dues and $100 being the bequest of Mrs. Rebecca Baird.

In 1895, the total receipts of the Grand Lodge were $4,799.50; the total receipts this year, as shown above, are $7,647 55, or an increase in receipts of about 70 per cent. At the time the number of Master Masons in good standing in North Carolina was 9,824; now there is a total membership of 12,012, which is an increase of over 20 per cent.

DEATH OF A GOOD WOMAN.

Mrs. Sallie Bierman Quietly Passed Away Sunday Morning After Short Illness.

After an illness of only eight days with pneumonia, Mrs. Sallie Bierman, wife of Wilmington's esteemed townsman, Mr. H. J. Bierman, died Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the family residence, No. 412 North Third street. The news of her taking-away is deeply deplored by a large circle of friends, attracted to her by her genial disposition and sweet Christian character. During the first few days of her illness very strong hopes of her ultimate recovery were cherished, but complications of heart trouble set in and she died within a very short time.

Mrs. Bierman was a consistent member of St. Andrews' Presbyterian church and always took an active interest in church work.

She is survived by a sorrowing husband, Mr. H. J. Bierman, three small children, four brothers and one sister: Mr. Willis Turlington, of Bennettsville, S. C.; Mr. W. B. Turlington, of Baltimore; Mr. E. E. Turlington, of New York; Mr. B. F. Turlington and Miss Jennie Turlington, of this city.

The funeral will be conducted from St. Andrews' church to-day at 11 A. M. and the interment will be in Oakdale.

UNIVERSITY BALL GAMES.

Partial Schedule of Contests This Season. Very Bright Prospects.

Much Wilmington interest always attends the University baseball games during the Summer and from the fact that Wilmington will have no sport of its own in this particular, most probably this season, the interest will be even greater. From an esteemed correspondent at Chapel Hill, the STAR has received the following partial schedule, which will be supplemented by games with the State colleges and two others with Virginia:

March 24th and 25th, LaFayette at Chapel Hill; 27th, Gallaudet at Chapel Hill; 29th, Clemson at Charlotte; 31st, Lehigh at Winston; April 1st, Lehigh at Chapel Hill; 5th, Cornell at Chapel Hill; 16th and 17th, Georgia at Chapel Hill; 22d, Richmond at Chapel Hill; May 3d, Virginina at Raleigh or Norfolk; 6th, Wofford at Spartanburg; 7th, Clemson at Clemson; 8th, Georgia at Athens; 9th, Mercer at Macon; 10th, Georgia Tech. at Atlanta.

"The prospects are exceedingly bright," writes the correspondent, "and the universal opinion is that we will have the fastest team in the South."

— Mr. Vance Croom spent Sunday at Burgaw.

JAMES H. CHADBOURN

Long and Useful Career Came to an End Early Sunday Morning.

THE FUNERAL YESTERDAY.

Held From St. James' Episcopal Church in the Presence of Many—School Interests Represented and Expressions of Great Regret.

In the presence of a large concourse of friends and relatives the order for the burial of the dead was impressively said over the remains of the late lamented James Harmon Chadbourn in St. James' Episcopal church yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, the services having been conducted by the Rt. Rev. Bishop A. A. Watson, of the East Carolina Diocese, assisted by the Rev. Frederick H. T. Horsfield, rector of the parish.

Largely represented at the funeral were the school interests of the city with which Mr. Chadbourn was so long identified as chairman of Wilmington School Committee No. 2. Out of respect to his memory and as a mark of appreciation of his unselfish and beautiful devotion to the work of education during his long and useful career, all the schools of the city suspended exercises for the day and nearly all the teachers and a creditable number of pupils from every department were present to do him honor. Included in the number were members of the faculty of the colored institutions; all gathered in the common purpose to show appreciation for duty faithfully performed.

Many of the schools and a number of the classes sent beautiful floral tributes.

The death of Mr. Chadbourn was feelingly announced at the High School upon the assembly of the students by Superintendent Blair, who paid a deserved and beautiful tribute to the deceased gentleman.

Mr. Chadbourn being also closely in touch with the shipping interests of the port, all the flags of the harbor craft were at half mast during the day and many of the marine men were in attendance upon the funeral. The Wilmington Compress and Warehouse Company, of which deceased was a director, was also closed out of respect to his memory.

The Produce Exchange, of which he was a member, was appropriately draped in mourning and many of the members attended the funeral in a body.

The interment was in Oakdale cemetery immediately after the services at the church, and the pallbearers were: Honorary, Messrs. Junius Davis, James Sprunt, B. G. Worth and R. J. Jones; active, Messrs. Geo. Kidder, W. R. Kenan, J. J. Blair, Donald MacRae, Jas. F. Post, Samuel Northrop, Wm. Latimer and Henry Savage.

The STAR only briefly mentioned the death of Mr. Chadbourn Sunday morning on account of the lateness of the hour at which he died. Mr. Chadbourn was born in Sanford, Maine, Nov. 6th, 1822, and was therefore in the eightieth year of his age. His parents were Mr. George and Mrs. Asenath Chadbourn. In 1844 he came South and engaged in the turpentine business for three years at Shallotte, Brunswick county, N. C. In 1847 he came to Wilmington and resided here until his death. For a time he was engaged in the commission business, but very soon he began in the lumber mill industry as senior member of the firm of James H. Chadbourn & Co., in which he continued until his death. The mill is one of the largest in the South and is considered in the front rank of Wilmington's enterprises. The original members of the firm were Mr. Jas. H. Chadbourn and his brother, Mr. George Chadbourn. After the death of the latter his son, Mr. James H. Chadbourn, Jr., became a member of the firm, of which Mr. Wm. H. Chadbourn, brother of deceased, is also a member.

In October, 1858, Mr. Chadbourn married Miss Mary Ann Bluxome, of Philadelphia, and she with three sons and one daughter survive him and have the tenderest sympathy of numerous friends. They are Messrs. Jos. B., Charles C. Steven H. Chadbourn and Miss Serena Chadbourn, all of this city. There are also surviving a brother, Mr. Wm. H. Chadbourn, of Wilmington, and a sister, Mrs. John P. Gailey, of Sanford, Me.

In the death of Mr. Chadbourn, Wilmington loses a most estimable citizen and the family is deprived of a loving husband and father. His life was one of great usefulness to the community in which he lived. His character was above reproach, his business ability unquestioned and his motives pure and noble. In the educational field, the brightest side of his life was apparent. He was devoted to the public schools of Wilmington and their present great efficiency is due in a large measure to his zealous work in their behalf. Only a short time ago, it was through his influences, conjointly with those of Mr. James F. Post, that the present High school building was given to the city and hundreds of other instances could be cited exemplifying his superb work in this regard.

Mr. Chadbourn was chairman of the Board of Commissioners of Navigation from 1888 to 1890. During that time he saved about $4,000 from fees, fines and licenses. Through his efforts the legislature passed an act guarding this money so that the income from that source could be expended each month for the destitute widows and orphans of pilots. This charity fund has proved and is still proving a wonderful blessing.

Wilmington has lost few such valuable citizens as Mr. Chadbourn and his place in the community will be exceedingly difficult to fill by another.

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD.

Apportionment is a Difficult Proposition. Recess Until To-night—Petition to Remove Acorn Branch School.

The County Board of Education, Col. W. A. Johnson, the chairman, and Capt. Donald MacRae in attendance, held the regular meeting for January yesterday afternoon. The main purpose of the meeting was to apportion the school fund for the ensuing six months, but the work was found so tedious that a recess had to be taken after 6 P. M., until to-night at 8 o'clock when the apportionment will be completed.

It is also probable that at the meeting to-night a successor will be elected to the lamented James H. Chadbourn as member of the committee for Wilmington School District No 2. The two remaining members of the committee are Capt. W. R. Kenan and Mr. Samuel Northrop.

The Board yesterday found time to hear a committee consisting of Messrs. F. J. Dempsey, W. F. Kerr, J. W. Murray and R. S. Murray, who petitioned that the school house for whites in District No. 6, (Acorn Branch,) Cape Fear township, be removed to a more central location in the district. It was pointed out that many children had to walk three or four miles to reach the school, whereas a central location would make the distance more uniform for all. The Board was very favorable to the proposition of the committee, but took the matter under advisement for further investigation.

The apportionment of the fund will likely be concluded to-night. There is about $6,000 in the fund in excess of the amount available last year. The total fund is about $29,000.

HIS DEATH DEPLORED.

Directors of Oakdale Cemetery Company Adopted Fitting Tribute to Memory of Mr. James H. Chadbourn.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Directors of the Oakdale Cemetery Company last night, Capt. W. H. Northrop read the following expression of regret at the removal from the Board of its valued member, the lamented James H. Chadbourn, and the same was unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

"The death of Mr. James H. Chadbourn, our friend and associate upon this Board of Directors, removes from our midst the oldest and one of its most zealous members. Having been a director for twenty-six years he never tired of its service though at times during the latter years it was a tax upon his strength and convenience. The predominant traits which made him eminently successful as a man of affairs and marked him in our community as among its most prominent citizens, contributed to make him an invaluable member of this Board.

"He was always on hand to the minute to fill every appointment. He allowed no excuse to shield him from the burden of any duty or obligation incident to his office. His judgment was always with justice and moderation. He approved with no ostentation. He differed with the most punctillious courtesy. His modesty pervaded every act of his life and gave greater force to his opinions.

"We mourn his loss as sincere friends; we deplore the privation of his counsel. We tender to his loved ones our sincere sympathy.

"It is, therefore, ordered that as a mark of respect that a page in our records be dedicated to his memory, upon which shall be inscribed his name, date of birth and death, and these resolutions. It is also ordered that a copy of these resolutions be suitably prepared and a committee be appointed to convey them to his family."

Captain Northrop supplemented the reading of the expression with a beautiful tribute to the life and character of the deceased, and, upon motion, the president appointed Mr. Richard J. Jones, Col. Jno. L. Cantwell and Captain Northrop to prepare the same and transmit a copy to members of the family.

"The Evolution of a Girl."

Dr. William Edwin Hall's second appearance in the city to-night is stirring such an interest as was never witnessed before by any popular lecturer. His visit last March showed him to be a wit, humorist and philosopher. People by the scores laughed, wept and paused from everything else to hear and see him. He has, so it is said, saved his best for to-night in "The Evolution of a Girl." It is a subject suited to Dr. Hall's taste and genius. After hearing him to-night one will say that he or she never knew what was in a woman's heart before. Tickets at Yates' and at the door. Place, First Baptist church lecture room.

Funeral of a Little Child.

The funeral of little Charles Maunder, whose tragic death at the family home in Portsmouth last Friday has been told of in these columns, was conducted Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence of Mr. Geo. N. Hughes, Eighth and Harnett streets, Rev. J. N. Cole, pastor of Grace church, officiating. The remains were tenderly laid to rest in Bellevue, the following gentlemen having acted as pallbearers: Messrs. James Hughes, Robert Hughes, J. O. Powers and D. W. Chadwick.

— The STAR regrets to learn of the serious illness of Mr. Hugh Sweeney, the venerable father of Wilmington's esteemed citizen and Alderman, Mr. Jno. H. Sweeney.

SPECIAL FOR TO-DAY.

MENNEN'S BORATED TALCUM POWDER!
10 cents per box.
Robert R. Bellamy,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST.
Jan 14 1t

ANNUAL MEETING
STOCKHOLDERS OF
The Murchison National Bank,
Of Wilmington, N. C.,
11 O'clock To-day.
jan 14 1t

The Annual Meeting
OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF
THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK
will be held at its banking house at 12 noon, Tuesday, January 14th.
ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.
jan 8 tf

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Henry Clark Bridgers returned to Tarboro yesterday.

— Mr. W. S. Primrose, of Raleigh, was at The Orton yesterday.

— Miss Ethel Smallbones, of London, Eng., is the guest of the family of Mr. H. G. Smallbones.

— Messrs. E. Allen Hay, of London, and William H. Mills, of New York, cotton factors, are in the city on business with Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son.

— Mr. T. S. Memory, mother and sisters, returned yesterday to their home in Whiteville, after spending several days with the family of Mr. L. V. Grady.

— Mr. Geo. Honnet Jr., has returned from a two weeks visit to the New York and New Jersey markets viewing the latest productions in the jewelry line.

— Mr. W. P. Oldham, Jr., who is with the Southern Railway at Washington, D. C., is being greeted cordially by his hundreds of friends in Wilmington. Mrs. Oldham has been visiting here for several days.

— Misses Evelyn Daniel, of Stannton, and Jennie Wellford, of Lynchburg, Va., both well known in Virginia society circles, are stopping a few days with friends in the city, after having visited Charleston and other Southern cities.

MR. LeROY ROGERS TO WED.

This Evening in Rock Hill, S. C., He Will Marry Mrs. Blanche S. McAlhaney.

Mr. LeRoy Baxter Rogers, vice-president of the D. L. Gore Company, wholesale grocers, and a young man highly esteemed by hundreds of friends in Wilmington, left yesterday afternoon via the W. C. & A. railroad for Rock Hill, S. C., on a very pleasant mission.

At 8:30 o'clock this evening he will lead to the altar in marriage, Mrs. Blanche Stewart McAlhaney, Rev. J. S. Beasley, pastor of the Methodist church at Rock Hill officiating. The wedding will be a very quiet one and will take place at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Stewart, after which the bride and groom will leave on the 10:30 P. M. train for Charleston, S. C., where they will spend a few days at the Exposition, returning to Wilmington, their future home, on Friday afternoon. They will be at home after that date at Front and Church streets.

Mr. Rogers was accompanied to Rock Hill by his friend, Mr. Frank S. Westbrook, who will act as best man.

AN EARLY MORNING BLAZE.

Fire at Col. Walker Taylor's Residence On Market Street at 12:13 A. M.

This morning at 12:13 o'clock a telephone alarm of fire brought the department to the residence of Col. Walker Taylor, No. 714 Market street, where a blaze had gained considerable headway from a defective fireplace. The flames, however, were soon subdued but not before a damage of about $300 had resulted to the building and furniture.

As Col. Walker Taylor is one of the most enterprising of the enterprising insurance agents in the city, it is presumed the loss was fully covered in one or more of the well known companies represented by his agency.

Funeral of Mrs Canady.

The funeral of the late Mrs. W. P. Canady was conducted Sunday morning at Southport by the Rev. Edward Wootten, of this city, and the remains were brought to Wilmington immediately thereafter on the tug *Blanche* and interred in Oakdale cemetery. The pall bearers for the funeral were Messrs. James Ruark, M. C. Guthrie, Robert Davis, James Berg and Dr. D. I. Watson.

DIED.

BIERMAN—In this city at 10:30 A. M., Sunday, January 12 1902, Mrs. SALLIE BIERMAN, wife of Mr. H. J. Bierman.

Funeral at 11 A. M. Tuesday, 14th, from St. Andrews' Presbyterian Church. Interment in Oakdale Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

Cash Is King.

Our prices are inducement and this class of buyers miss it badly in not taking the trouble to visit us. We need your business and it won't be our fault if we don't get it—see us.

Dealers in
Provisions, Corn, Oats, Hay.
Agents for
Renown 5c Cigar.
Pine Tree 5c Cigar.
Topical Twist Head Cigars.
These goods are hand-made and long Havana Filler and unsurpassed as a superior gentleman's smoke. Ask your dealer and insist on this brand and take no other.

Vollers & Hashagen.
Wholesale Only.
jan 12 tf

Esquimaux

Don't have much use for stoves. A fire in the middle of a snow hut, with an infinitesimal hole for a chimney, is good enough for them. But such an arrangement wouldn't be considered "just the thing" in this latitude. Here people need stoves and we keep them for sale—Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Stoves, Small Bedroom Stoves, and many odd sorts. The prices are adapted to persons with non-millionairish purses, too.

We have, too, a complete stock of Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Ammunition, &c.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,
ORTON BUILDING.
dec 5 tf

Hot Chocolate
With Whipped Cream.
Tomato Boullion.
Beef Tea,
AT OUR FOUNTAIN.
E. WARREN & SON.
Jan 11 1y

Of Interest!
A Car Pierce's Vegetable Baskets, just in.
WHITE SPRING AND RUST PROOF OATS.
Seed Potatoes.
Seed Potatoes,
Best varieties.
HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED.)
Jan 14 tf Wholesale Grocers.

Market Notice.

The Shad Benches at Front Street Market will be rented on the premises, at public auction, Wednesday, January 15th, at 11 A. M.
By order of Chairman of the Market Committee
B. F. KING,
Jan 14 1t Clerk and Treasurer.

Dr. Wm. Edwin Hall,
Of New York, the peerless platform entertainer, will lecture on the
"Evolutions of a Girl,"
In the Lecture Room of the First Baptist Church Tuesday, January 14th, at 8:30 P. M.
Admission 25c. Ja 12 3t

FOR RENT,
Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.
an 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 14.

"LET WELL ENOUGH ALONE."

"Let well enough alone," was one of Senator's Hanna's standing phrases in the speeches he made in the campaign of 1900. That's what he used to say to the workmen in reply to the demand for tariff reform. He contended that the prosperity of the country was the result of the protective tariff and that as the country was doing so well with it, it would be folly to change it, and make new experiments. The true and sensible policy he contended was to "let well enough alone." As far as the tariff goes Senator Hanna sticks to that yet and therefore opposes any tariff revision even where the beneficiaries of this protection are competing with foreign manufacturers and boast that they can make goods for less money than they can. But he is opposed to any reduction of the tariff, although the protection given by the tariff was professedly to protect them from the "cheaper labor" their foreign competitors had. He answers all that with "better let well enough alone."

Senator Hanna is one of the leading promoters of the ship subsidy bill. He proposes to give the ship owners who sail ships under the American flag $180,000,000, the argument for this being that an American merchant marine is necessary to build up our commerce and enable our exporters and importers to compete successfully with the exporters and importers of other countries which have the advantage of a merchant marine of their own. If we had little commerce or if our commerce were languishing there might be some plausibility in a pretence like that, but our commerce is not languishing but is growing more rapidly than that of any other nation, including Great Britain which has the greatest merchant marine in the world, which by the way, was built without subsidies only about three per cent. of her ships receiving subsidies of any kind and there for carrying the mails.

There is no sentiment in figures, but they sometimes speak with an eloquence and force that language does not possess. When the advocates of subsidies declare they are necessary to promote our commerce and enable our shippers to compete with the shippers of other countries they find themselves confronted by figures that are unanswerable and that tell their own story. A summary recently issued by the Treasury gives the export and imports of the leading commercial countries of the world in 1890 compared with those of 1900, with the changes in the meantime. The following table gives the exports in 1890 and 1900 with the percentage of gain:

	1890	1900	Gain per cent.
United Kingdom	$1,?8?,471,592	$1,417,085,879	[illegible]
United States	845 293 828	1 370 763 571	62 2
Germany	777 7?? 000	1 ?97 5?0 0??	37 8
France	734 1?7,354	801 458 ?26	[illegible]
Netherlands	434,806 101	680 0?8 ?68	56.4
Austria-Hungary	26? 124 880	394 226 ?48	[illegible]
Belgium	27? 34? 000	371 ?46 64?	33 8
British India	385 522 580	337 6?5 329	12 4
Russia	384,997 48?	?22 896 18?	17 ?
Italy	174,917 4?4	258 ?81,527	49 4

The following table shows the changes in the decade:

United States	$1 492 248 920	34 56
United Kingdom	1 802 67? 560	1?.97
Germany	1 051 984 000	20 7?
France	771 7?? 000	20 2?
Netherlands	? 1 491 ?80	141 67
British India	374 ?25 ?6	1 ?2
Austria-Hungary	3?? 54 088	9 17
Belgium	338,920 000	57 10
Russia	337 568 571	2 31
Italy	261,892 332	6.73

The following table shows the imports and the excess of imports or exports in 1890:

	Imports.	Excess of imports.	Excess of exports.
United Kingdom	$2,545 54? 281	$1,1 8,459 ?9	$..........
Germany	1 372 216 000	274 707 000	....
France	872 ?31 441	70 7? 815	....
U S	849 9?1 184	....	580.8?2 3?7
Netherla'ds	8?? ?3,?7	1?4 0?8 ?9	....
Belgium	4?7,6??,332	56 521 675	....
Austria-Hungary	394,2?6 5?8	....	49 865,8?3
Russia	334 999 798	12 103 6?9	....
Italy	1?1,145 4?3	69,8?? 956	....
British India	247 140 848	....	9? 484 981

In nearly all the countries of the world the imports exceed the exports, this country being one of the few exceptions. Our exports are increasing annually, while our imports are decreasing. We have the advantage of every other country in the world, for we not only produce foodstuffs to supply the home demand for consumption, but always have a surplus to sell to other nations which need foodstuffs and do not produce what they need. We produce two-thirds of the world's supply of cotton, so that we are a leading factor both in feeding and clothing the people of other nations. For years to come we will hold that position, for no other nation can compete with us as a food producer or cotton producer, whether they have so-called "cheap labor" or not.

It is not a matter of choice with other nations to buy our foodstuffs or our cotton. They buy them because they need them, and can't get them from other countries as cheaply as they can from us. Having our own ships wouldn't sell for us another bushel of wheat, barrel of pork or bale of cotton, and consequently would not increase our commerce in these things.

Who can read these tables, note the progress that this country has made in increasing its foreign commerce, and say or believe an American merchant marine is necessary to promote our commerce or to maintain what we have? These figures speak for themselves and they speak with a force and a logic that no language could equal, for they present a story of progress equalled by no country in the world and never equalled by any country. And all this has been without a merchant marine of our own or subsidized ships.

Doesn't it seem when the American people are asked to tax themselves $9,000,000 a year to promote a commerce that has made such marvellous progress, that Mr. Hanna's advice, "let well enough alone," would come in?

ANOTHER TRUST.

A report comes from New York that a trust company will shortly be established with a capital of $1,000,000, the object of which is to build warehouses in agricultural sections and lend money to farmers who want to hold their crops for higher prices. The movers and associates in this scheme are New York capitalists, railroad presidents and Southern capitalists, who propose to erect warehouses, beginning in the South, where imperishable products may be stored, on which money will be loaned to farmers who want to borrow.

There may be something in this, but if this company means business it will have to put in more than $1,000,000 to render material service. Every year for the past eight or ten years, we have had reports similar to this, beginning away back there, with an announcement that the Farmers' Alliance had made arrangements with an English syndicate of unlimited capital to build warehouses in the cotton belt and lend the planters money, taking as security the cotton stored. But none of these warehouses were built. Since then we have had a number of such schemes reported, but none of them, so far as we know, have materialized. Our impression is that a warehouse for this purpose was established at Charlotte by local capitalists, but we have not heard much about that or what progress it has made.

There is a field in this for capitalists, who could find paying investment for their money and at the same time help the farmers, but no small amount of capital would answer the purpose unless there were a good many companies, each operating in its own section. In order to benefit the farmers much it would be necessary to advance a large amount of money to enable them to hold back enough of their crops to affect prices, if that be the object. But it would be a convenience to the farmer to be able to borrow such amount of money as he needed, with cotton, wheat or something of that kind as collateral, and in this way it would render service even if it had no effect on prices.

IT DOESN'T PAY.

This State was among the first to try to solve the problem of making its penitentiary self-sustaining without employing its convicts so as to come into competition with outside labor. It leased and bought farms on which it put the convicts to work. While this is better than employing them in making shoes, clothing and other things in which their work would come into competition with outside work, it does not pay, for chances must be taken on unfavorable seasons, damage by droughts, floods, &c.

This system has proved so unsatisfactory that the State has given up its farms in Anson county and would save money by getting rid of its farms on the Roanoke, in which it invested about $70,000 and where it has lost in the past two years about $45,000 by damage to dykes, caused by freshets. And that is something that is liable to happen any year.

As we understand it the object of working the criminals on farms is not to make money for the State, but to make the convicts self-supporting. If they were made self-supporting in some other way, and at the same time so employed as to aid in the development and improvement of the State, wouldn't it be better? They could be better employed to build railroads, (as some of them now are) in working on the county roads, (as some of them are), or in draining some of the swamp lands, (where that is practicable). There are several ways in which they could be employed and made self-supporting without coming into competition with outside labor, or running the risk of bad crops, damage by freshets, etc.

The battleship Mikasa, just completed in England for Japan, is said to be the largest battleship afloat. She is 432 feet long, 70 feet beam, draws 27 feet of water and has 15,000 horse-power. She has a speed of 18 knots an hour and can steam 9,000 miles at ten miles an hour without re-coaling. She is equipped up-to-date with heavy pounders and rapid firers.

Georgia had one of the biggest chicken fries on record a few days ago. An incubating establishment on a farm near Marietta was burned and three thousand chickens went up in it.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

A French officer, just returned to Paris from China, was surprised at the independence of the American soldiers, their familiarity with their officers, etc., etc., but says that when it comes to fighting these independent fellows are rattling good fighters. This independence, another word for assertive individuality, goes far to account for the fight that is in them.

The Republicans in the Ohio Legislature want it to appropriate some money to aid in securing a new trial for Caleb Powers, convicted of complicity in the murder of Governor Goebel, and sentenced to the penitentiary. As all they ask for is $1,000 they might if they take so much interest in Caleb, put their hands in their pockets and shell out.

When he winds up his case with that New York cabman, Mr. Carlisle, formerly Secretary of the Treasury, will be out about $1,300. Three years ago he had the cabman arrested on a charge of stealing Mrs. Carlisle's fur cape, valued at $300. The cabman was acquitted and then sued for false imprisonment and got a verdict for $1,000. As the cape is still missing this foots up $1.300.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— It is reported from China that the royal family, in its progress to Pekin, completed any work of devastation overlooked by the European troops. It is no wonder that Minister Wu as an intelligent and philanthropic gentleman is anxious to get as many Chinamen as possible over to this country.—*Washington Star Rep.*

—— The President may soothe the wounded feelings of General Miles by sending him to King Edward's coronation. But it cost the general $10,000 out of his private purse to represent the United States at the queen's last jubilee and it may be that he does not care to invest in a coronation frolic.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— The circulation of a letter by Secretary Long on the Sampson-Schley controversy among Congressmen taken in connection with the Miles and the Mahan episodes, does not look much like closing the case. It looks a good deal more like choking off one side to leave free range to the other. It remains to be seen how such tactics will chime in with the public's idea of fair play.—*Baltimore Ameaican, Rep.*

—— The main objection of ex-Governor Shaw to accepting the office of Secretary of the Treasury was in its salary of $8,000 a year. Nearly if not quite the whole of this would go for house rent, to say nothing of the other heavy expenditures for entertainments, etc., required by the position. It is not strange that ex Governor Shaw should have hesitated. What is remarkable is the fact that the salary of a cabinet officer in Washington should be $8,000 and the salary of a commission in Manila $15,000.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— It is an excellent thing to have a conscience, but it should not be allowed to get beyond your control.—*Puck*

— Benham—"I'm going to church to-morrow." Mrs. Benham "Don't forget to take the alarm-clock."—*Judge.*

— On Good Authority: "So you are going to leave this studio?" "Leave! No; who told you that?" "Your landlord."—*Judge*

— Probably His First: He—Aftah all, I—aw—think second thoughts ah best, donchoo know. She—Oh, have you had a second one?—*Chicago News.*

— Dorothy—Pauline, what makes you so unsociable? Pauline—Unsociabl? I'm not a bit unsociabl. I merely don't like society.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Is that distinguished looking gentleman a man of letters? Yes, he's a D. D., LL. D. A. M., N. A., from Washington, D. C.—*Philadelphia Record.*

— Mamma (at the breakfast table) —"You always ought to use your napkin, Georgie." Georgia—"I am usin' it, mamma; I've got the dog tied to the leg of the table with it."—*Motherland.*

— "Ef yo' mus' resk yoh money," said Uncle Eben, "don' shoot craps. Save it up an' put it in the stock mahket, whah de police ain' takin' no notice."—*Washington Star.*

— In the Steam-Heated Flat; John, I've just been to see doctor, and he says I must stay in the warmest and most evenly heated room in the house. Then get into the refrigerator at once.—*Life*

— None Too Liberal: "Mr. Linger spends a great deal of time with you, Molly," said Miss Kittish to Miss Frocks. "Yes, but that's all he does spend.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— How He Spoiled It: He—"I thought you looked charming last night." She—"Oh, now, did you, really?" He—"Yes. Why I could hardly believe it was you."—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— The Vicar—Of course, Mrs. Brown's conduct would have passed unnoticed in a less exemplary community—— The Lady—Which simply goes to prove, vicar, that "to the pure all things are impure.—*Life.*

— "I think De Wet's the greatest Boer of them all." "He appears to be even a greater boor." "Boor! Why?" "He hasn't enough politeness to bow to the inevitable."—*Philidelphia Press.*

Food Changed to Poison.

Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels, gently, easily but surely, curing Constipation, Billiousness, Sick Headache, Fevers, all Liver, Kidney and Bowel troubles. Only 25c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. sa tu th

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Newbern *Journal*: Tobacco seed is in demand now by the farmers, as the time is close at hand for planting the beds. Mr. S. S. Waters, of Maysville, reports much increased interest among growers of tobacco.

— Salisbury *Sun*: The Southern paid Mr. Rufty $1,900 on account of the death of his children on Christmas eve, both of whom were killed on the track. Mr. Rufty had employed counsel to institute a suit but this compromise ends the matter.

— Asheville *Citizen*: Jas. Griggs, a victim of melancholia, who Thursday afternoon tried to end his life by drinking a two ounce vial of laudanum, died from the effects of his dose of poison shortly after 6 o'clock Friday evening at the city hall, where he had been taken for treatment.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. Blackburn Royal, a prosperous farmer of Cedar Creek, died Friday night of blood poisoning. A little more than a week ago a hog bit Mr. Royal, splitting his thumb open, and from this blood poison started, and developed so rapidly that it could not be checked.

— Winston *Sentinel*: The citizens of North Mocksville were shaken up lively Friday by an explosion or an earthquake. A telephone message to the *Sentinel* this morning reported that the people were greatly alarmed for some time. Their houses rocked and there was a general exodus from homes. At first it was thought that the shake up was caused by the explosion of a boiler, but investigation failed to reveal any accident of this kind. Some believe now that it was an earthquake.

— Mount Olive *Advertiser*: Friday afternoon, Rev. J. T. Phillips, of Farmville, was arrested for threatening to shoot a citizen of this place and was bound over to court in the sum of $500. —— The increase in the strawberry acreage will be fifteen per cent. greater in this section next season than ever before. Mt Olive ships more strawberries than any other one station in the world. —— Dr. C. S. Maxwell has been appointed as physician in charge of the smallpox cases in upper Duplin county. There are 15 cases in the pest house and 11 cases in the house of detention.

— Durham *Herald*: The funeral of the late Miss Pattie Mangum was conducted from the old home place Friday afternoon. One peculiar thing in connection with the burying of Miss Mangum was the fact that the grave extends from north to south, instead of from east to west, as is the custom. This was in deference to the wishes of the deceased. Years ago she requested that when she died that she be laid to rest at the feet of her father and mother, whose memory she almost idolized. Her wishes were carried out to the letter. Further particulars regarding her rather sudden death were learned from those who attended the funeral. On Thursday morning, as was her custom, Miss Mangum drank a cup of coffee before arranging her toilet. She then remained in bed a short while and in conversation with her neice, Miss Presley Leach, Miss Mangum said that she dreamed she died during the night and that her death was like that of her sister, Miss Mary, very easy. After this she arose and prepared her toilet for the day and sat down. A few minutes later she complained of a severe pain in her head and fell forward from the chair, dying without a struggle.

POLA LOVED HIM.

Samoan Boy Who Wanted to Own a Portrait of Stevenson.

After Mr. Stevenson's death so many of his Samoan friends begged for his photograph that we sent to Sydney for a supply, which was soon exhausted. One afternoon Pola came in and remarked in a very hurt and an aggrieved manner that he had been neglected in the way of photographs.

"But your father, the chief, has a large, fine one."

"True," said Pola. "But that is not mine. I have the box presented to me by your high chief goodness. It has a little cover, and there I wish to put the sun shadow of Tusitala, the beloved chief whom we all revere, but I more than the others, because he was the head of my clan."

"To be sure," I said, and looked about for a photograph. I found a picture cut from a weekly paper, one I remembered that Mr. Stevenson himself had particularly disliked. He would have been pleased had he seen the scornful way Pola threw the picture on the floor.

"I will not have that!" he cried. "It is pig faced. It is not the shadow of our chief." He leaned against the door and wept.

"I have nothing else, Pola," I protested. "Truly, if I had another picture of Tusitala I would give it to you."

He brightened up at once. "There is the one in the smoking room," he said, "where he walks back and forth. That pleases me, for it looks like him." He referred to an oil painting of Mr. Stevenson by Sargent. I explained that I could not give him that. "Then I will take the round one," he said, "of tin." This last was the bronze bas-relief by St. Gaudens. I must have laughed involuntarily, for he went out deeply hurt. Hearing a strange noise in the hall an hour or so later. I opened the door and discovered Pola lying on his face, weeping bitterly.

"What are you crying about?" I asked.

"The shadow, the shadow!" he sobbed. "I want the sun shadow of Tusitala."

I knocked at my mother's door across the hall, and at the sight of that tear stained face her heart melted, and he was given the last photograph we had, which he wrapped in a banana leaf, tying it carefully with a ribbon of grass.—Scribner's Magazine.

Rural Art Criticisms.

Impressionist Artist—I paint things as I see them.

Farmer Wayback (kindly)—Do ye, naow? Don't ye think that mebbe some liver medicine would do ye good?—Somerville Journal.

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a lage number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S. Price 50c. and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. †

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

COME JUST TOO LATE.

SOME PEOPLE ALWAYS LEFT BEHIND BY THE OCEAN LINERS.

They Are Known as Laggers Along the New York Steamship Piers, and They Generally Manage to Raise a Rumpus on the Dock.

"There he comes," growled the old watchman at the entrance to the steamship pier, swishing his stick as a hansom clattered circuitously through the jam of wagons and trucks.

The warm looking man in the cab was wriggling around in the seat and bawling at the driver to make haste, and the jehu in turn was howling at the truckmen under the shed to turn out and give him room. The "All ashore!" and "All aboard!" words had already been passed on the steamer and on the pier, and the unshipping of the gangways was in progress.

"I was waiting for him," went on the old pier watchman. "I knew he'd be along. I wouldn't have felt comfortable if he hadn't showed up. I don't think a ship could have any luck on her passage if there wasn't at least one of 'em. Sometimes there are several of 'em."

"Several what?"

"Laggers, we call 'em," replied the old watchman—"folks that stop on their way to a steamer to play marbles or jacks or pegtop—the ones that come scrambling along when the chief engineer's standing by to get his first bells from the bridge. I've been standing watch along the fronts of these docks since the days when the side wheel packets had the passenger trade of the western ocean, and not once have I seen a boat all ready to slide out without one or more of these laggers banging up at the last minute.

"They're about equally divided between men and women. And when they're left they always carry on in a bughouse manner. If the lagger is a man, he'll as likely as not dance around on the end of the pier, and shake his fist at the ship out in the stream, and bawl about the thing being a put up job, and threaten to sue the company or burn down the pier, and keep up a 'cussin' like Horrible Bill, and abuse the agent and all the rest of the company employees on the dock, and act in general like a longshoreman with two quarts of the barrel house stuff under his belt strap.

"When the lagger that's left is a woman, she acts differently, of course, but she gives us a run for our money at that. She generally stands on the dock and after handing her bag and parasol and gear to her maid yanks out her handkerchief and weeps. Then when the first misery of it's over she gets mad and begins to say things. She always declares that the ship has got under way at least two hours ahead of its advertised schedule time, and the more she talks the hotter she gets. When she at length suddenly remembers that most of her clothes and jewelry are on the ship, that's about rounding Governors island at that time, she gets hysterical, and when a woman gets hysterical on a steamship dock you can bet that there's plenty doing for all hands and the cook.

"Funny thing about the woman lagger who's left and whose clothes are aboard the steamer that's gone off without her is that she wants to send about a dozen cable dispatches right from the dock before the ship's got as far as the Battery about what's to be done with her trunks when the steamer reaches the other side. There is no use trying to tell her that she's got plenty of time for that and that she would do better to think it over during the five or six days that it takes the steamer to cross. She seems to have the idea firmly fixed in her mind that the company's going to try to rob her of her gear and that the ship's due in Europe some time before lunch and if she doesn't do a lot of cabling before she quits the dock she's due to lose her wardrobe and gewgaws.

"Some of the women laggers that get left, though, don't get weepy a little bit, but the conversation that they work off when they see the ship belching black smoke out in the channel is some sultry and no mistake. One of these women that sing in grand opera, a foreign woman of some kind she was, French or ginney or something like that, came racing down in an automobile about three months ago, only two minutes after the ship had set her nose down the bay. Well, say, I was glad then that I didn't know any foreign languages, for if I'd known what she was saying I'll bet a hat I'd have been shriveled up. She just stood on the end of the dock and talked at the state of New Jersey over the way.

"She was a fine, handsome, big woman, and they tell me that on the stage she sings like a bird on an apple limb, but there wasn't any sing in her voice that morning. You'd have thought she was tearing up the old man for coming home on a Saturday night with a bun on and breaking the crockery in the cupboard. I'm telling you straight that she swept up and down that pier for 30 minutes talking without a break, and I saw all the ginney truckmen on the dock crossing themselves and sticking their fingers in their ears, so that she must have been whooping it up a-plenty.

"She tossed her head around so much that all of the combs and hairpins came out of her hair, and the fine, glossy black bunch tumbled down below her waist without her knowing anything about it. She certainly made a fine picture, but her maid didn't appear to be enjoying herself a little bit. The maid was dead careful to circle around the singing woman at an average distance of about 14 feet. I guess the maid was thinking about her own hair. There was enough excitement that morning on this dock to last for quite a bit."

Just then a sleepy looking messenger boy plodded up to the pier entrance, carrying a splendid basket of choice fruits.

"She gone yet?" inquired the sleepy looking messenger of the old watchman.

"Nope, son," said the watchman—the ship had departed about half an hour before. "Hand it over, and I'll get it aboard."

The messenger passed the ornate basket of fruit over to the old watchman and shambled away.

"If there's any one thing that me and my old wife like," remarked the old watchman, holding up the basket and gazing admiringly at its contents, "it's fruit."—New York Sun.

SPONGES AND SPONGERS.

The sponge industry of the United States is carried on in the waters surrounding the Florida keys.

The fishing grounds extend along the south and west coasts of the peninsula and have a total area of from 2,000 to 3,000 square miles.

Key West is the center of the industry and New York city is the receiving and distributing point for the product.

Two hundred small boats and several schooners, managed by about 800 spongers, are regularly engaged in the fishing.

The annual crop of sponges is between 5,000 and 6,000 bales, and would be many times greater but for the ignorance and impatience of fishermen in not allowing time for the "baby sponges" to mature.

Repeated attempts at planting and cultivating the sponges artificially have proved unsuccessful.

The estimated value of Florida's annual crop of sponges is about $550,000.

The quality of the Florida sponge ranks next to that of the West India, the Mediterranean and the Red sea.

The real Turkish sponges are found only in the beds of the Mediterranean, and sell readily for as high a price as $50 and even $70 a pound.

Next in quality to the Turkish sponge is our own Florida sheep's wool sponge, so named because of its softness and fineness of texture, which sells at from $1 to $3 a pound.

The average weight of a sponge when placed on the market is from one ounce to one pound. Only the small sizes are found in American waters.

It requires from three to seven years for a sponge to mature and reach marketable size.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

PICKINGS FROM FICTION.

Sitting still is a noble art that is going out of fashion.—"Quality Corner."

The romance of one generation makes the realities of the next.—"Tristram of Blent."

There is nothing meaner than the man that is rich and has nothing but money.—"The Autocrats."

If other people would only be as reasonable as we are what a heaven this earth would be.—"Crankisms."

Before a man is capable of a great love he must have felt the need of it in his life.—"Arrows of the Almighty."

No one can determine to believe evil of another without planting in his own soul the seeds of deterioration.—"Sir Christopher."

The importance of plain talk can't be overestimated. Any thought, however abstruse, can be put in speech that a boy or negro can grasp.—"The Crisis."

A poet may be a good companion, but so far as I know he is ever the worst of fathers. Even as grandfather he is too near, for one poet can lay a streak of poverty over three generations.—"D'ri and I."

If brain workers would only do like cows—gather up their material as they walk around in the fields and woods and assimilate it while resting well—they would have more brains.—"Summer Hymnal."

Stage Story of a Tree.

Mr. Beaumont's first London engagement was to play in "The Star of India," one of Arthur Shirley's stirring melodramas. His great moment was when he had to bind the hero to a stump of an "ancient tree," in a very beautiful jungle setting. There was a dark change from an interior to the jungle, and one night when Mr. Beaumont and the hero rushed on they were horrified to discover that the tree was missing. Mr. Beaumont at once made up his mind to speak his lines just the same and drag the hero out of sight.

Unfortunately, the men under the stage were under an impression that the lights were still lowered, and just as Mr. Beaumont cried in his loudest voice that the hero should be lashed to the trunk of a tree they pushed the tree up through the floor. The audience, after a moment of utter amazement, burst into a roar of laughter and applause at the expense of the struggling hero and enraged villain.—Mainly About People.

Frigga.

Frigga, from whom Friday is derived, was either a god or a goddess, according to time and country. As a man he was a great hunter and warrior, always represented with a drawn sword in one hand and a bow in the other. In the Scandinavian countries Frigga was called the "Venus of the North," and the sixth day of the week was consecrated to her worship.

Carried Weight.

"What do you mean by saying the defendant's words carried weight with them?"

"I mean, your worship, that he swore at me and then hit me with a brick."—Exchange.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7½
Burlaps	6	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12½	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ℔ ℔	9	@	9½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	9½	@	10
Shoulders ℔ ℔	9	@	9½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 35
New City, each		@	1 35
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	82½	@	85
Virginia Meal	82½	@	85
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	7½	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	0
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	6	@	10
" Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 50
Choice	3 75	@	4 00
Straight	4 50	@	4 75
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔	8	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	93	@	93½
Mixed Corn	87½	@	90
Oats, from store (mixed)	63½	@	65
Oats, Rust Proof	85	@	90
Cow Peas	85	@	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
No 1 Timothy	1 00	@	1 05
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	1 00
N. C. Crop	75	@	80
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	12½	@	14
Dairy Cream	12	@	13½
Half cream	10	@	12½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	9	@	12½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 10	@	1 25
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	18 50
Rump		@	18 50
Prime		@	18 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool		@	90
American		@	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks	50	@	60
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5	@	5½
Standard A	4¾	@	5
White Extra C	4½	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	4¼	@	4½
C Yellow		@	4
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	32
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29	@	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	17	@	27
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 40	@	2 50
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	9 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	8 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	6 25	@	7 00
" Sap	5 50	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
" Sap	2 50	@	3 00
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	[illegible]	@	9 10

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—88 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—290 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 111 barrels rosin, 60 barrels tar, 31 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—230 bales cotton, 12 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—71 bales cotton, 49 barrels rosin, 14 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—9 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer Highlander—5 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 40 barrels rosin, 81 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Timber raft—128 barrels rosin.

Total—693 bales cotton, 12 casks spirits turpentine, 328 barrels rosin, 167 barrels tar, 33 barrels crude turpentine.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, January 13

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market quiet at 38c per gallon for machine made casks and 37c per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 00 per barrel bid for strained and $1.05 per barrel bid for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per barrel of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.00 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at $1.20@1.25; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine quiet at $1.30 @2 30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	12
Rosin	328
Tar	167
Crude turpentine	33

Receipts same day last year—36 casks spirits turpentine, 310 barrels rosin, 357 barrels tar, 51 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7⅞c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼	cts ℔ ℔
Good ordinary	6⅞	" "
Low middling	7¼	" "
Middling	7⅞	" "
Good middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 9⅝c for middling.

Receipts—693 bales; same day last year, 444

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 84c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 75@80c.

CORN—Firm: 85@90c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 13@14c; sides, 13@14c.

EGGS—Firm at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@22c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 15@17½c; live, 10@12c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 50@60c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Money on call was steady at 4½@5 per cent.; the market closed, bid and asked, 4@4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¼ for demand and at 484¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 485 and 488. Commercial bills 483⅝@483⅞. Bar silver 55⅝. Mexican dollars 44¼. Government bonds were steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 108¼; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108¼; U.S. 3's, registered, 107¼; do. coupon, 108¼; U. S. 4's, new registered, 139½; do. coupon 139½; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111¼; do. coupon, 111¼; U. S. 5's registered, 107⅝; do. coupon, 107⅝; Southern Railway, 5's, 120. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 102½; Chesapeake & Ohio 46; Manhattan L 137⅝; New York Central 163⅝; Reading 54⅞; do. 1st preferred 81; do. 2nd preferred 61⅝; St. Paul 162½; do. pref'd, 186; Southern R'way 33⅜; do. pref'd 92½; Amalgamated Copper 68½; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 101¼; Sugar 120⅞; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63¼; U. S. Leather 11⅛; do. pref'd, 81⅛; Western Union 90⅝; U. S. Steel 42⅜; do. preferred 93⅞; Mexican National 14⅜; American Locomotive 31¼; do. preferred 91½; Standard Oil 652@657; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 60; do. preferred, —

BALTIMORE, Jan. 13.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 26c asked; do. preferred, 49⅝c asked; do 4s 84⅞@85⅛.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 40½c

CHARLESTON, Jan. 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 36½c; sales — casks. rosin firm, unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 38½c; receipts 304 casks; sales 464 barrels; exports 2,157 casks Rosin firm; receipts 3,594 barrels; sales 1,005 barrels; exports 7,390 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The cotton market opened steady with prices six to ten points higher, this being on English cables and a very bullish private crop estimate. The opening figures, however, proved to be the best of the day, as a general movement of holders to secure profits and a quick abatement, of shorts fear caused the whole market to slowly react. Positive weakness developed at midday and continued pretty much to the close. European shorts ran to cover on Wilson's crop estimate of 9,445,000 bales and sent Liverpool up three to three and a half points by so doing. This temporarily frightened shorts. As a general thing very little stock was taken in the crop estimate above mentioned. Soon after the call heavy selling for profits sent prices off five points rapidly and after a slight rally the market turned weak and at midday was off some three to five points from Saturday's final bids. Liquidation on the break was very heavy and considerable bear selling developed. Large estimates for to-morrow's receipts checked buying as did reports that New Orleans speculative interests were well loaded with cotton at prices above the market. Before the downward movement had halted May sold at 8 07 as compared with 8 22 early in the day. Sentimnt was bearish most of the time, and speculative buying was at no time much of a feature. Clearances for export were double to-day's port receipts, thus showing that exporters were still active buyers throughout the belt. In the last half hour the market rallied a few points on covering by the more timid shorts, but at best the undertone was barely steady with predictions numerous for a lower Liverpool to-morrow under the big receipts. On the late advance Wall street picked up a little cotton, and commission houses also bought in a conservative way. The close was quiet and steady, with prices net one point higher to eight points lower.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Cotton quiet at 8⅛c; net receipts 1,216 bales; gross 4,725 bales; stock 127,792 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8⅛c; middling gulf 8⅜c; sales 1,300 bales.

Futures closed quiet and steady: January 7.89, February 7.96, March 8 02, April 8.07, May 8 11, June 8 12, July 8 15, August 8.00, September 7.65, October 7.56.

Total to-day—Net receipts 37,606 bales; exports to Great Britain 29,334 bales; exports to France 27,423 bales; exports to the Continent 10,828 bales; stock 997,457 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 75,994 bales; exports to Great Britain 49,247 bales; exports to France 27,432 bales; exports to the Continent 28,088 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 5,213,813 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,971,095 bales; exports to France 481,679 bales; exports to the Continent 1,443,014 bales.

Jan. 13.—Galveston, firm at 7 15-16c, net receipts 9,375 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8c, net receipts 3,537 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8⅛c, net receipts 1,094 bales; Wilmington, steady at 7⅞c, net receipts 693 bales; Philadelphia quiet at 8⅜c, net receipts 1,900 bales; Savannah, dull at 7 13-16, net receipts 5,886 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7⅞c, net receipts 11,820 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7¾c, net receipts 710 bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅞c, net receipts 3,169 bales; Augusta, steady at 8c, net receipts 1,065 bales; Charleston, firm at 7 13-16c, net receipts 1,375 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Flour market was easier and less active, affected by the wheat break. Minnesota patents $3 85@4 20. Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red 89½c. Options opened steadier on cables and local covering, but under liquidation reacted. Towards noon a sharp recovery followed large export reports and a liberal decrease in the visible supply, but this also yielded later to unloading by outsiders, with active selling also on short account. The market closed weak at ¾c net loss. March closed 87½c; May closed 86⅝c; January closed 86⅜c. Corn—Spot easy; No. 2, 69⅝. Options closed easy and ⅛c net decline. Sales: January closed —; May closed 69⅜c; July closed 69⅛c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2, 51½c. Options quiet but fairly steady with corn. Lard easy; Western steam $9 95; refined lard quiet; continent $10 10; South American $11 00; compound 8@8½c. Butter was steady at prices; creamery 16@23½c; State dairy 14@21½c. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 33@34c; Southern at mark 26@32c. Potatoes steady; Maine $2 30@2 40; Long Island $2 25@2 50, Jersey sweets $2 75@3 50. Cabbage steady; Long Island Flat Dutch, per 100, $3 00@4 00. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand picked 4@4½c; other domestic 2¾@4c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 12½c. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 6⅝c; mild quiet; Cordova 7½@11c. Sugar—Raw weak; fair refining 3c; centrifugal 96 test, 3½c; refined unsettled; standard A $4 55; confectioners' $4 55; mould A $5 10; cut-loaf $5 25; crushed $5 25; powdered $4 85; granulated $4 75; cubes $5 00. Rice steady. Tallow steady. Cheese firm; late made best large 9½c; late made best small 10@10½c. Pork quiet; family $17 50@18 00; short clear $18 00@20 00; mess $16 50@17 50. Cotton seed oil—Offerings were light, but as the demand proved equally slow price showed no change and the market closed steady. Prime crude in barrels nominal; prime summer yellow 43½@44c; off summer yellow 43c; prime white 46c; prime winter yellow 46@47c; prime meal $27 50@28 00.

Norfolk Peanut Market.

NORFOLK, Va., January 13.—Peanut market dull; old stock and machine 2¼@2½c. New peanuts, fancy 3½c; strictly prime 3c; prime 2¾c; Spanish 77½c.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Growing bearish sentiment in the wheat pit combatted the meagre early bullish news and after much pressure forced a net loss of ⅛@1c in May wheat. May corn closed only a shade lower and May oats unchanged. Provisions closed 2½ to 10 cents lower.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Cash prices: Flour easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No 3 spring 76½@77c; No. 2 red 87⅜. Corn—No. 2 —c; No. 2 yellow —c. Oats—No. 2 46¼@46½c; No. 2 white 47½@48½c; No. 3 white 47½@48½c. Rye—No. 2 65½@66. Mess pork, per barrel. $16 65@16 70. Lard, per 100 ℔s, $9 42½@9 45. Short rib sides, loose, quoted at $8 20@8 35. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $7 37½@7 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $8 55@8 75. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 32.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 78½, 78½, 77⅝, 77⅝c; May 82⅛@82¼, 82½, 81⅛, 81⅛@81⅛c; July 82⅜, 82⅜, 81⅜, 81⅜c. Corn—No. 2 January 62½, May 65½@66, 66¼, 65⅜, 65@65⅜c; July 65¼@65½, 65⅜, 65, 65¼c. Oats—May 45⅛@45¼, 46¼@46⅜, 45⅛, 45⅜@45½c; July 40⅜, 41⅛@41⅜, 40⅛, 40⅜c; September 33⅜@33½, 33⅜, 33⅜, 33⅜c. Mess pork, per bbl—January —, —, —, $16 60; May $17 02½, 17 10, 17 00, 17 00@17 02½; July $17 00, 17 02½, 16 95, 16 95. Lard, per 100 ℔s—January —, —, —, $9 42½; May $9 67½, 9 72½, 9 65, 9 65@9 67½; July $9 75, 9 75, 9 70, 9 72½. Short ribs, per 100 ℔s—January $8 20, 8 30, 8 20, 8 27½; May $8 52½, 8 60, 8 52½, 8 57½.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 13.—Cotton: Spot, moderate business; prices steady; American middling 4½d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 7,400 bales American. Receipts 10,000 bales, all American.

Futures opened and closed quiet; American middling (g. o. c.) January 4 29-64d seller; January and February 4 28-64@4 29-64d buyer; February and March 4 28-64d buyer; March and April 4 28-64d buyer; April and May 4 28-64@4 29-64d seller; May and June 4 28-64@4 29-64d buyer; June and July 4 29-64d seller; July and August 4 29-64d seller; August and September 4 24-64@4 25-64d buyer; September and October 4 9-64d nominal.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Norwegian barque Taurus, 484 tons, Olsen, Savannah, Heide & Co.

British steamship Wingrove, 1,818 tons, Watson, New York, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

CLEARED.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Stmr Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., January 14

STEAMSHIPS.

Wingrove, (Br) 1,818 tons, Watson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Polana, (Br) 1,898 tons, Holttum, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Gymeric, (Br) 2,598 tons, Thomson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Frank W McCulloch, 117 tons, Brink, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Wm F Campbell, 169 tons, Strout, J T Riley & Co.

Chas C Lane, 243 tons, Kelly, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Ida C Schoolcraft, 304 tons, Robinson, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

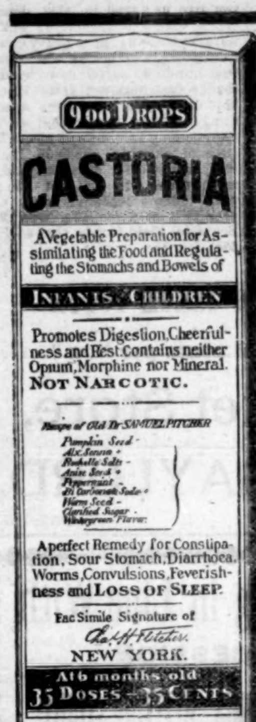
Taurus, (Nor) 484 tons, Olsen, Heide & Co.

Ahti, (Rus) 551 tons, Janson, Heide & Co.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND THE GIANT GUARD.

A captive in a cage, poor Jack
Inside the treasure room was pent,
For, though some goblins hurried back
To free him, by a fairy sent,
The giant's ogre laughed with glee
To hold this knightly thief in check.
His likeness is quite plain to see,
The wealth he guards a jumbled wreck.



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dec16 tf

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Sardines, Salmon, Cakes. Dunlap Meal.

Corn, Oats, Hay. Lime, Cement.

The Worth Co

sep 13 tf

Hardin's Syrup of

White Pine and Tar Will cure

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness

and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is easy to take. Price 25 cents at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.

jan 7 tf 125 South Front street.

SOUVENIR HUNTERS.

THE TRAIL OF THE VANDAL IN THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

All the Noted Show Places of Washington Bear Glaring Evidences of His Destructive Touch—A Culprit With a Conscience.

Nearly every tourist who visits Washington wants to take away a souvenir. Souvenir stores in the national capital are as plenty as saloons, but your true souvenir hunter wants something that he has culled himself. By preference he will hammer, hew or slice it off from some monument or landmark. That is why it costs Uncle Sam a young fortune to guard his treasures of history, wonder and beauty. Whatever public building you enter your cane, umbrella or whatever you may have that would make a good hammer is taken from you and checked, and at the Congressional library and Corcoran Art gallery you are watched very closely lest you might get an opportunity to use your heels. These two places are particularly enticing to the vandal, with all their statuary and carved marble.

Unfortunately the Washington monument has not been so well guarded, consequently it is badly scarred by the depredations of the souvenir fiends. Inside it is very dim in spots, the light being supplied by an occasional incandescent lamp, along the stairway. It is in this atmosphere that vandalism flourishes. Like white squares amid the blacks of a huge checkerboard stand the memorial slabs presented by the states in the Union at the time of the monument's erection and by the societies and organizations of the country wishing their names to me immortalized at the national capital. There are more than 150 of these, and many of them are in a distressful condition of mutilation. Missing heads, arms, legs and drapery from the statuary bear eloquent witness to the appreciation of visitors who were so favorably impressed with the monument that they couldn't tear themselves away without taking something with them to remember it by. Just exactly what value, real or sentimental, the left ear lobe of the goddess of prosperity, for instance, can have for any person is hard for a sane man to understand. Somebody got it, however.

Most of the slabs presented by the states bear simply names and dates in large, bold letters that defy umbrellas and the like, and these remain untouched save by pencils that mark their owners' names, only to have their traces washed off on the next cleaning day. But of the delicate carving there is little left. The handsomest slab, though one of the smallest, measuring 3 by 5 feet, is that presented by the American Medical association, representing a group of the fathers of medicine. It is about midway up the monument, about where climbers rest, and about four feet from the floor, a convenient reach. Hence the condition of the figures—two headless and three armless. Two landings above is a slab representing a locomotive. The locomotive looks as if it had got the worst of a collision. The souvenir hunters did it. Not far away is a large slab occupying the center of one wall for a height of six feet. In its present condition it would do for a puzzle picture. Before the enthusiastic tourists got at it with their umbrellas and canes it represented a fire engine of the old type. A volunteer fire department of some city presented it. Probably the name of the city is in some old record. It isn't on the slab. Once it was there, but the souvenir sharks got it. One thing that they haven't got is the fine carving of a pelican, the symbol of the state of Louisiana. The reason is that instead of being a bas-relief, the pelican is carved into the stone, intaglio fashion, and no predatory umbrella can dig this out.

When most of the vandalism in the monument ocurred no one knows, but it probably took place before the checking system was there compelling visitors to leave all potential implements of destruction before going up the monument. Great protest against this order is made by the camera fiend, who generally wants to take a birdseye view of the city from the top of the monument. But he has to do his best without his tripod, for that triple crowbar stays below with the umbrellas and canes.

At Mount Vernon there is a small army of "spotters" on the lookout for the worker of souvenir iniquity. A quarter admission is charged, and the money goes to defray the expense of guarding the place. In Washington's old home there is one thing that strikes the notice by its contrast to the prevailing simplicity—it is the carved mantelpiece of Carrara marble in the dining room. One who is not a vandal cannot gaze upon it without anathematizing the whole race of relic seekers. Even with watchers in every room some individual managed to "get in his work" and knock off the head of a galloping deer in the center of the group. The animal remained headless for months. Then one day back came the head in a little box postmarked Paris. The culprit had realized the evil of his ways, the villainy of his vandalism. Said the accompanying note: "It did not occur to me in my own country, where everything is so perfectly preserved, the outrage that it is to mutilate historic places for relics. Here nothing is preserved; everything is chipped and marred and broken by travelers like myself. I return herewith," etc. Signed—not at all.

The head was stuck on, the glue stained the marble, and the milk white deer has a yellow streak around his neck.—Washington Star.

LIGHTNING CALCULATORS.

Wonderful Ability of the Negro Children In the West Indies.

"One of the oddest things I came across in my wanderings," said a traveler recently returned from the West Indies, "was the extraordinary aptitude of negro children for mental arithmetic. I visited a good many of the public schools and saw some astonishing exhibitions of this faculty, which is probably the last with which one would credit the grandchildren of African savages, as many of the West Indian negro children are. The currency of the islands is of course British, so that calculations of any sort are more complicated than with us. Yet an inspector or visitor can ask a school full of ragged urchins what would be the cost of seven gross of handkerchiefs at 5 pence 3 farthings apiece and receive the answer almost as soon as the words are out of his mouth, and doubtless long before he had himself worked it out. This can be kept up all day to the great enjoyment of the children, who regard that sort of thing as sport.

"The same children, when confronted with a reader, may make sad work of it and seem certainly little above the average. Even when made to do sums on a slate they are not brighter than most white children. Perhaps that statement should be qualified, for there is no doubt that the children of pure blooded Africans develop phenomenally for the first five or six years of their lives and, indeed, until twelve or thirteen years old are fully the equals, intellectually, of white children. I have never seen white babies as intelligent as some of these negro infants at the same age. But when past twelve their minds seem full grown, and it is not easy to teach them, except in cases here and there. All these observations, however, apply to children of negroes whose parents or grandparents were brought from Africa when full grown.

"There are many West Indian negroes who do not speak English, and there are large societies named according to the part of Africa from which the members or their parents came. A Nangobar, for instance, would not think of joining a Kongo society. So they all stand much nearer to Africa than do our negroes, which makes the observation of their characteristics very interesting. Unfortunately, they do not seem to retain to any marked degree this faculty for rapid calculation when they reach manhood. And even if they did they would be so backward in other respects that their value as clerks would be slight."—New York Tribune.

THE SUMMER OF 1816.

One Locality In Which It Practically Never Happened.

If the recollections of the Danville (Ills.) News are not at fault, the summer of 1816 cannot, strictly speaking, be said to have ever set in. Along in April, when the garden should have been exhibiting signs of active life, the snow on the ground was from four to six feet deep and frozen solid for half its depth. In May only the surface of it had melted, and the ground could not be reached for planting purposes except by tunneling. In June snow had disappeared, but the ground was still frozen hard, and along toward the latter part of that month another fall occurred which made sleighing good in Danville and vicinity for several days.

On the morning of July 4 water froze in the wells and pitchers of the early settlers, and there was excellent skating on the neighborhood ponds. Snow fell toward noon, and the usual Independence day exercises were held in a church warmed by blazing log fires and were participated in by men and women in midwinter clothing.

The spring, when it came in reality, was so short and severe that no vegetation could thrive in it. In August the corn, which had struggled against adverse circumstances, went to tassel so early that it was useless except as fodder. Corn from other parts of the country brought unheard of prices, and for seed to be used in the spring of 1817 farmers were obliged to provide themselves with corn grown in 1815. All breadstuffs went up, and flour a year afterward sold at $17 a barrel.

As a matter of fact, there was no summer in the vicinity of Danville in 1816, and the files of the Danville News for that period prove that the weather experts in those days attributed the extraordinary meteorological conditions to spots on the sun.

The winters preceding and following the severe summer were intensely cold, and, as the people in those days knew none of the conveniences of steam heated flats and were wholly ignorant of comforts derived from contact with the modern janitor, their sufferings, it will be supposed, must of necessity have been intense.

The public health was never better. There were the usual quiltings and log raisings everywhere. Although the crops were a failure, the spirits of the people never drooped, and their confidence in Illinois as a corn producer never weakened. The sturdy pioneers and first settlers went about their business just as usual.

He Kept His Leg.

Twelve years ago J. W. Sullivan, of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation, "but he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Bitters and 1 1-2 boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve and my leg was sound and well as ever." For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all blood disorders Electric Bitters has no rival on earth. Try them. R. R. BELLAMY, will guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Only 50 cents. †

Free Blood Cure.

We recommend Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) for all blood troubles, such as ulcers, eating sores, scrofula, eczema, itching humors, pimples, boils, carbuncles, blood poison, aching bones festering sores, cancers, catarrh, rheumatism. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood or skin diseases, especially advised for old, deep seated cases. It cures when all else fails. Heals every sore or pimple, stops all aches and paines by giving a healthy blood supply. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Thousands cured. At drug stores $1 per large bottle. Our readers will receive a trial treatment free by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Medicine sent at once, prepaid. †

Ralston

PURINA CEREALS.

Don't confound them with foods of less quality that cost just as much—every package is guaranteed to contain the finest grain, hygienically milled to retain all the nutritive elements which Nature intended.

The most liked cereal of the century is

Ralston Breakfast Food

which represents the high quality maintained in every checkerboard package that goes forth from Purina Mill "Where Purity is Paramount." Accept no substitutes, be sure you get the checkerboard kind.

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215 Market Street.

Bell 'Phone No. 38. jan 7tf

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AND SEE HOW THE

BRASS BED IS REDUCED.

Also look over our fine line of Furniture and see how cheap a good quality of goods can be sold. We have given others bargains and if you give us a call we are sure you will be satisfied with our prices. Very respectfully,

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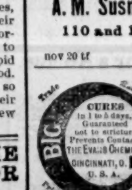

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THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET. FIRST CLASS

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nov 24 tf

Last Three Days

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

13TH, 14TH, 15TH

OF THE WONDERFUL SALE AT THE

JOHNSON STORE,

NEXT TO ORTON HOTEL.

DON'T FAIL TO GET YOUR BARGAINS.

jan 12 tf

Have You Tried a Pair of

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Is like a third arm, working for you day and night. The results realized from depositing a few dollars regularly in our bank at 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly, are really wonderful. Call by the bank for a card showing how much the compound interest on amounts of $1 00 to $100 00, deposited monthly, will amount to in one to ten years. We help you to save. Try us.

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jan 8 tf

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Bananas, Extra Fancy.

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Nuts, Figs, Dates and Raisins.

Give me a call. I can please you on nice Fruit and Candies.

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Office Supplies.

Before you buy your office supplies for the new year call and get my prices.

I have everything you will need in a first class office.

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VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta. New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 1st, 1901.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 7:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:52 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:54 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10 35 p m	6 35 a m
Ar Monroe	12 1- a m	8.20 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	9 23 a m
Ar Chester	1.35 a m	9 45 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.43 a m	11.52 p m
Ar Athens	6 13 a m	2 18 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	8.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4 40 a m	12 05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.05 a m	3 50 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	5.00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11.00 p m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	2 00 a m	1.05 a m
Ar Norlina	3.50 a m	11.06 p m
Ar Portsmouth / Ar Norfolk	7.15 a m	5.25 p m

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	7.25 a m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 20 a m	10.15 a m	11.00 a m
Ar Norlina	3 30 a m	11.55 a m	1 05 p m
Ar Petersburg	5 54 a m	2 26 p m	4.55 p m
Ar Richmond	6.35 a m	3 05 p m	5 45 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	6 35 p m	9 30 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.25 a m	11.25 p m	11.25 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6.30 a m	6.30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 1.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10 40 p. m.; Portsmouth 8.50 p. m.; Norfolk 8 30 p. m.; Raleigh 3.35 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 6.20 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 8 00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.00 a. m.; Charlotte 5.00 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7 00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 7.40 p. m.; Savannah 11.25 p. m.; Columbia 3.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH,
General Passenger Agent.
JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.
dec 7 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. 2 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 32	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at New bern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3,05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't

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Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.

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an 28 tf

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, **COCELIN**. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewad strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

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Wanted, Furs.

5,000 Raccoon Skins.
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1,000 Mink Skins.

And Furs of all description. Highest prices paid. Quotations furnished on application.

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WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf
E. O. GRANT,
Superintendent.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect Dec. 22, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.45 A. M., Warsaw 11.21 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4 33 P. M., Petersburg 6.46 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 6.— P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M. Baltimore 1.20 A. M., Philadelphia 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., *Boston 2.— P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.— P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.31 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.31 P. M. Weldon 1.27 A. M., †Norfolk 1.00 P. M. Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 3.57 A. M., Washington 7.30 A. M., Baltimore 9.03 A. M., Philadelphia 11.14 A. M. New York 1.43 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 60—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.45 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M. No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn, 7 41 A. M., Marion 8.43 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11.20 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M. Sumter 9 15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M. Denmark 6.14 A. M., Augusta 8.10 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 3.00 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND

DAILY 9.10 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.20 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.42 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.58 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.— P. M., New York *9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 8.05 A. M. Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.22 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M. Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M. Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.25 A. M., Philadelphia 12.01 P. M., Baltimore 2.16 P. M. Washington 3.45 P. M., Richmond 7.23 P. M., Petersburg 7.59 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.18 P. M., **Tarboro 7.22 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.45 A. M. Leave Wilson 6 26 A. M., Goldsboro 7.31 A. M., Warsaw 8 21 A. M., Magnolia 8 37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 61—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.08 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.30 P. M. No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.20 P. M. Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M., Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M. Lake Waccamaw 10.21 P. M.

DAILY 1.40 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.40 A. M., Sanford 2.10 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Columbia 6.55 A. M., Sumter 8.29 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.53 A. M., Chadbourn 11.58 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.29 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.05 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.29 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.05 A. M., Weldon 11.20 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.22 P. M.; arrives Washington 12 30 A. M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.55 P. M. and 6.30 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8:25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 4.00 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.23 P. M., Spring Hope 11.05 A. M., 4.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M. 5.45 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.46 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M., Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M.; arrive Conway 2.20 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.55 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P. M., leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.20 P. M., Manning 6.56 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.20 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.42 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M., *2.— P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M., Hartsville 9.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.05 A. M. Bennettsville 7.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 2.43 P. M. 11.59 P. M., Smithfield 3.03 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1 10 A. M., Rowland 6.10 P. M., returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M., Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., 10.07 P. M., Dunn 1.24 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M., 11.25 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.57 P. M. 12.07 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.28 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.14 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.25 P. M., Creston 5.26 P. M. Sumter 6.19 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
dac 22 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA	Saturday,	Jan. 4
GEO. W. CLYDE	Saturday,	Jan. 11

From Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE	Saturday,	Jan. 4
ONEIDA	Saturday,	Jan. 11

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA	Tuesday,	Jan. 7
GEO. W. CLYDE	Tuesday,	Jan. 14

Steamers do not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

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H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
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19 State street, New York.
Jan 2 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING. JAN. 14.

THE COTTON CROP OF 1901-02.

A T Wilson & Co.'s Estimate of 9,445,704 Bales—No Reason to Doubt its Accuracy—Higher Prices.

(*Special Star Telegram.*)

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Messrs. R T. Wilson & Co. to day published their estimate of the current crop. It is 9,445,704 bales. They state that they "have obtained the information for this purpose from bankers and from people who raise, gin, buy and transport cotton in all the cotton growing sections of the South." Messrs. R T. Wilson & Co.'s estimated for the past eleven years as compared with the actual out-turn are as follows:

Crop year.	Estimate	Actual crop.
1901-02	9,445,704	.....
1900-01	10,263 000	10 425 000
1899 00	8,756 000	9,436 000
1898-99	10,523,000	11.275 000
1897-98	10,370,000	11 200,000
1896-97	8 174,000	8 750 000
1895 96	7,188,000	7 162 000
1894-95	9 448.000	9,893 000
1893 94	7,093,000	7 527,000
1892 93	6.897,000	6,717 000
1891-92	8 497.000	9,038 000
1890 91	8 214,000	8,658,000

It is to be noticed that the most substantial varation shown by their figures was in the year 1899 -1900, when it is admitted that although the commercial crop turned out to be 9,426,000 bales, the amount of cotton actually grown did not exceed 9,100,000, the balance having come from the surplus held over from the previous unprecentedly large production. Upon the average for the past eleven years, Messrs, R. T. Wilson & Co.'s estimate have been within 300,000 bales of the actual out turn. Notwithstanding the fact that the bears violently assailed the creditability of Messrs. R. T. Wilson & Co.'s estimate, there seems no reason in my mind to doubt its substantial accuracy, and every proof to which I can subject it fully bears out the figures that they have published. They are, moreover, practically sustained by such authorities as the United States Government, Messrs. Latham, Alexander & Co, the New York *Journal of Commerce*, Messrs. J. H. Parker & Co., and by our own figures, published on the 25th of November which represented the most exhaustive investigation that I had been up to that time able to make. I am now prosecuting a fresh inquiry with a view of determining the comparative stocks of cotton at all South ern towns having a population of more than three hundred people. An effort has been made to disparage Messrs. Wilson & Co.'s estimate by putting emphasis upon the present relatively large movement of cotton, which is running on a scale equal to that of last year when the crop turned out approximately 10,400,000. I have previously entered into an elaborate argument to show that the movement is not an indication of the supply but is rather an evidence of the demand. I have estimated the January movement this year at one million bales, (probably in excess of the actual figures), but assuming that we had received this quantity during January, we shall have in sight on the 1st of February, out of this year's crop, 7,-804,000 bales.

It appears that the movement last year was the slowest on record, while that of 1889-'90 was the most rapid on record. It also appears that in 1894 '95, when we had a crop of only 9 900,000, there was at the end of January nearly 400,000 bales more in sight than there will be at the end of January this year, and that heavy January movements are not infrequently found in the case of exceptionally small crops. Figuring upon the percentages given, it appears that if the movement of this year has been as fast as the fastest of the past fourteen years, the total production is only 8,930,000 bales. If it is as slow as the slowest, i. e. that of last year, the crop is 10,400,000. If it has moved with the average rapidity of the past fourteen years, the crop is 9,565,000. I believe that the movement this year, especially since the 1st of January, has been one of exceptional rapidity and I cannot, therefore, see any reason to doubt the substantial accuracy of Messrs. R. T. Wilson & Co's figures.

My reasons for believing in the rapid movement of the crop are ably stated in a circular from the Gulf Points Trading Co., of Galveston, Tex., of Jan. 6th, who estimated the crop nearly two months ago at 9,964,-000.

In view of the foregoing, I cannot see any reason to believe that the present crop can substantially exceed Messrs. Wilson & Co 's estimate, and with such a supply of cotton extreme prices for the article are inevitable later on in the season.

THEODORE H. PRICE.

TRAINS IN COLLISION.

Two Men Killed and Several Others Came Near Being Burned Alive.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WICHITA, KAS., Jan. 13.—A freight train running twenty miles an hour on the O'Keene, Oklahoma, branch of the Rock Island road, crashed into a work train standing on a siding at O'Keene early this morning and killed Bridge Foreman H K. Bear, of this city, and Carpenter E A. Colby, of Galva, Kas. The men in the work car were still asleep and were buried under the debris, which caught fire and threatened to roast every one of them. The crew of the freight train and some citizens by strong efforts saved them. Several persons were injured.

The cause of the wreck was the malicious breaking of a switch lock and the throwing of the switch by some unknown person.

The breach of promise suit brought by Miss Portia Knight, the American actress, against the Duke of Manchester, has after all been settled out of court, the Duke paying Miss Knight £1,000 and defraying the costs of the legal proceedings.

Don't Let Them Suffer.

Often children are tortured with itching and burning eczema and other skin diseases but Bucklen's Arnica Salve heals the raw sores, expels inflammation, leaves the skin without a scar. Clean, fragrant, cheap, there's no salve on earth as good. Try it. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. at R R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

HOUSE DISCUSSED THE PENSION BILL

Estimates for Payments of Pensions Reduced From $140,-000,000 to $135,500,000.

EXTRAVAGANCE AND FRAUD.

Stir Caused by Proposition to Open Federal Soldiers' Homes to Ex-Confederates — Only Two Democrats Supported It.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—In the Senate to-day Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota, called up the bill providing for the establishment of a Department of Commerce. He explained the necessity which he said existed for the passage of such a measure, and was presented with questions by several Senators, who said that sufficient time had not been allowed for looking into the merits of the measure. Senator Teller criticised that feature relating to the transfer of the geological survey, while Senator Hale said tha the bill provided for a department which ultimately would be one of the largest in the government. After some further discussion the bill went over, subj ct to call by Mr. Nelson.

A resolution by Senator Hale, providing for the printing of a number of copies of the report of the Schley court of inquiry, was referred to the Committee on Printing.

The Senate was in executive session for an hour and a half and adjourned at 3:12 P. M.

House of Representatives.

The House of Representatives spent the day in general discussion of the Pension Appropriation bill, the first of the annual budgets. The debate took a wide range. Mr. Groavenor, of Ohio, and Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa, took occasion to denounce a report presented to the last G. A. R. encampment criticising the course of themselves and other members of Congress on the veteran "preference" bill which was defeated at the last session. They explained that their opposition to the bill was due to the incorporation in the bill of a clause, which had not been endorsed by the G. A. R., placing veterans of the Spanish war in the preferential class.

Mr. Rixey, of Virginia, caused something of a stir on the Democratic side by advancing a proposition to open the doors of National Soldiers' Homes to ex-Confederates and to furnish Federal aid to State Confederate homes. Mr. Richardson, of Alabama, was the only Democrat who joined Mr. Rixey in support of it.

Mr. Barney, Wisconsin, in charge of the bill, said the estimates for the payment of pensions had been reduced from $144 000,000 to $138 500 000. He was asked by Mr. Richardson, Tennessee, why the amount for pensions decreased five and a half millions while the number of pensioners was said to be larger.

Mr. Barney explained that this was accounted for by the fact that the arrearages were decreasing and the number of large pensions (those from $50 to $75 a month) was also decreasing. In reply to another question he stated that the commissioner of pensions believed that the high tide of pension payments had been reached and the amount required probably would remain stationary for some years.

Mr. Talbert, South Carolina, delivered a general speech on the subject of pensions to show the growing extravagance and fraud of the present system. He said the pension roll had been a roll of honor. He thought the practice of passing special pension bills should be abandoned.

Mr. Rixey, Virginia, took occasion to submit an argument in favor of a bill introduced by him to-day to admit Confederate veterans to National soldiers' homes and to extend the same national aid to State Confederate homes in the South as was extended to State Union homes. Mr. Rixey said that a somewhat similar bill introduced by him in the last Congress had provoked considerable hostility and criticism in the South and in the North, but he believed the time had come when the doors of Union homes could be opened to Confederate veterans.

The restrictions against ex Confederates participating in the government and against ex-Confederates holding commissions in the army or navy having been removed he argued that the barrier which stands across the path of ex-Confederate soldiers should also be removed.

Mr. Richardson, Tennessee, the Democratic leader, interposed to declare that never would he be willing to see ex-Confederates enter Union homes.

The debate grew lively, differences of opinion developing on the Democratic side. Mr. Richardson, Alabama, sided with Mr. Rixey, while Mr. Lamb, Virginia, Mr. Bartlett, Georgia, and others opposed the suggestion. Mr. Rixey declared that he proposed to continue to advocate the passage of the bill he had introduced, whether it proved popular or not.

Mr. Gaines, Tennessee, secured the floor and talked for some time about the result of his observations in the Philippines on his recent trip to the archipelago.

At the conclusion of Mr. Gaines' remarks, Mr. Lever, South Carolina, formally announced the death of the late Representative Stokes of his State, which occurred last summer, and offered the customary resolutions of regret, which were adopted, after which, at 4:55 P. M., as a further mark of respect, the House adjourned.

LYNCHING OF ALIENS.

Bill in the Senate to Give Federal Courts Jurisdiction in Such Cases.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, to-day introduced a bill for the punishment of persons taking part in the lynching of an alien. Those who conspire in such a lynching are made subject to death or life imprisonment, while meeting to organize such lynching is made a felony. The Federal courts are given jurisdiction of such offences and persons who have participated in lynchings are disqualified from serving as jurors. The measure is designed to cover cases similar to the lynching of Italians in Louisiana and Mississippi,

The dissatisfied cotton weavers of Sagamore Cotton Mill No. 1, Fall River, to the number of 140, struck yesterday and at noon all departments of the mill shut down. The weavers object to the length of the cuts of cloth.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

ANTI-BRITISH CARTOONS IN GERMAN NEWSPAPERS.

Remarkable Article in the London Times. The Wisdom of the Publication Much Questioned

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Jan 13.—A remarkable article appears in to day's *Times* under the caption of "Literature of German Anglophobia," recounting the character of the anti-British cartoons which have appeared in the German newspapers, which the *Times* says "in coarseness, obscenity and venom are without a parallel in modern times."

The wisdom of the publication of the article at this juncture is much questioned.

The *Times'* article, which is two columns long, says:

"These papers are not gutter-sheets, but are sold everywhere, at the stations of the State railroads, even at Potsdam station, where the Emperor is constantly travelling. He was finally obliged to personally order their removal. Neither are these papers anonymous. One of the most infamous of all, entitled 'The Boer War,' bears on the title pages the names of persons distinguished in the literary and artistic world of Germany. It is difficult to find words to convey a notion of the filth which its cultured artists and writers venture to lay before its cultured German readers. British soldiers are represented as robbing the dead; Mr. Chamberlain's state coach is depicted as a cart laden with skeletons, and King Edward is shown dead drunk in his bedroom, receiving the news of Cronje's surrender. But the crowning piece is a cartoon entitled 'Hero Worship.' The then Princess of Wales, with Queen Victoria, the Prince of Wales and the young princesses by her side, is decorating a youthful soldier. The legend underneath reads, textually 'An English Princess decorating the youngest soldier in the British army with the Victoria Cross because, although only thirteen, he has already outraged eight Boer women.'

"This obscenity, sold in respectable shops, was eagerly bought by the public and lies on fashionable drawing-room tables."

NEGRO MAN ARRESTED.

In Connection With the Mysterious Assault On Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13—The detectives to-day arrested Richard Cole, colored, and locked him up "on suspicion" in connection with the mysterious assault on Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, the fashionable dressmaker, on the ninth of December. The police are investigating as to what leads them to think Cole may have some knowledge of the crime or some connection with it. The arrested man is 22 years of age. He had been working at the Dennis establishment as porter and bundle-carrier about five months, and had borne a good reputation. He was implicitly trusted by Mrs. Dennis and in her statement to the police yesterday she manifested an anxiety that no suspicion be cast upon any of her servants or employes in connection with the assault.

COMMITTEE OF SEVEN.

Senate Resolution to Investigate the War in the Philippines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ANNAPOLIS, MD., Jan. 13.—Former United States Senator Gorman arrived here this afternoon and is to-night the guest of Governor Smith at the executive mansion. To-morrow at noon will witness his re-election to the United States Senate, to succeed Senator Geo. L. Wellington, whose term will expire in March, 1903. No other name than that of Mr. Gorman is even thought of in this connection, and not a single Democrat in either branch will vote against him.

It was thought at one time that the six Democrats who joined Isaac Lobe Straus and the Republicans the other day in voting to abruptly adjourn the House of Delegates might possibly go further and take some steps to delay the election of Mr. Gorman, but it is announced to-night that nothing of the sort is contemplated and that there will be no hitch in to morrow's programme, so far as the Senatorship is concerned.

THE TUNNEL DISASTER.

Injured Improving—Coroner's Investigation to Begin Next Thursday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—District Attorney Jerome said to day that everything would be ready to proceed with the coroner's investigation into the causes of the tunnel disaster on last Thursday. To-morrow experts of the State railroad commission will be examined by the district attorney, and if they prove to be satisfactory witnesses the district attorney will not call experts of his own. An examination by the State board of railroad commissioners will be begun on January 20th.

All those hurt in the wreck were reported improving to-day.

IN THE FOURTH ROUND.

Tommy Feltz Awarded the Decision Over Danny Mack at Charleston, S. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 13.—Tommy Feltz, of Savannah, was awarded the decision over Danny Mack, of New York, here to-night in the star bout of a programme offered by the Southern Athletic Club. Mack was clearly outclassed by the Georgian and his backers decided not to allow him to go on after the fourth round. The contest was snappy at times while it lasted, both men taking considerable punishment.

SENATOR GORMAN

Will be Re-elected To-day to Succeed Senator George L. Wellington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Mr. Hoar, in the Senate to-day, introduced a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of seven Senators to examine into the conduct of the war in the Philippines, the administration of the government there, and the condition and character of the inhabitants, said committee to have power to send for persons and papers, to administer oaths and to sit during the sessions of the Senate.

William Fife, Sr., the famous old time yacht builder, died yesterday at Fairlie, Scotland

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fevers is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. sa tu th

BOLD ROBBERY BY TWO MASKED MEN

Raided a Pool Room in Kansas City, Missouri, With Drawn Revolvers.

THIEVES TOOK OVER $1,500.

Made the Proprietor and His Assistants Lie Down On the Floor—A Third Man Guarded the Entrance. Robbers Escaped.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KANSAS, CITY, MO., Jan. 13.—Two young men of slight build with handkerchiefs tied across the lower portions of their faces, entered Harry B. Chick's pool rooms on Baltimore avenue, one block from the center of the city, early this evening. With drawn revolvers they commanded the proprietor, cashier and three other employes to lie down on the floor. They secured between $1.500, and $2,500 and escaped. A third man, supposed to be a confederate but not masked, guarded the entrance while the robbery was committed. Jimmy Driscoll, an employe who did not readily comply with the command to lie down, received a heavy blow on the head with a revolver from one of the robbers. The proprietor and his assistants were counting the money that had been received during the day. They were the only persons in the place.

CHICAGO'S BOARD OF TRADE.

Puts Stamp of Approval On Admiral Dewey's Report in the Schley Controversy—Memorial to Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—The Chicago Board of Trade, at its annual meeting to day, put the stamp of approval on Admiral Dewey's minority report in the Schley controversy and, as a representative body of Chicago business men, sent a memorial to Congress asking that the circumstances and events that may throw light on the situation may be examined into. This action was not taken without much discussion and objections from several members, who expressed themselves satisfied with the report of the naval commission. Following are the resolutions:

"*Resolved*, That we believe it is the duty of Congress to review the records of the commission, to examine into the circumstances and events tending to throw light on the controversy, and to announce judgment as to who was in command at the battle of Santiago and as to the conduct of Commodore Schley on that occasion.

"*Resolved*, That a copy of the resolutions be forwarded to Admiral Schley and to the country's Representatives and Senators in Congress."

ON THE PLANT SYSTEM.

Thirteen Freight Cars Went Through a Trestle—Train Crew Escaped.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Jan. 13.—Two wrecks occurred to-night on roads entering the city, both being freight trains. Three cars were derailed on the Western Railway of Alabama, at Mount Meigs, Ala., and a man identified as R. E. Wall, of Gainesville, Ga., was killed.

Thirty-six miles south of here thirteen freight cars of a Plant system train went through a trestle, the engine and two cars having passed safely over. The train crew escaped injury. It is said traffic over that section of the road will be suspended until to-morrow.

NEGRO ARRESTED.

Charged With Having Assaulted Mrs. Webber at Lynchburg, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROANOKE, VA., January. 13.—Lynchburg officers arrived here to-day with Joe Higginbotham, who is charged with having assaulted Mrs. Webber last Saturday, after which he cut her throat and left her for dead. The officers left Lynchburg last night at 9 o'clock in a buggy, but lost their way and only reached here by a freight train this afternoon. Higginbotham is in jail, and denies that he is guilty. There is no excitement here to-night.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

Dancy, Dockery and Holton's Among a Number of Others.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The Senate to-day confirmed the following among other nominations:

John C. Dancy, of North Carolina; recorder of deeds, District of Columbia.

United States Attorney—A. E. Holton, western district of North Carolina.

United States Marshal—H. C. Dockery, eastern district of North Carolina.

Postmaster—W. W. Rollins, Asheville, N. C.

FIRE AT ASHPOLE.

Eight Stores and Two Dwelling Houses Destroyed—Loss Not Known.

By Telegraph to the Morning star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 13.—A special to the *Observer* from Lumberton, N. C., says:

Eight stores and two dwelling houses were destroyed by fire at Ashpole, this county, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Among the buildings were the stores of E. A. Sanders, Springman Floyd, E. Hayes, D. W. T. Stephens, H. Floyd and S. G. Griffin and the dwellings of John Hill and Stevenson Ivey. The loss is not known.

FOUGHT SIX ROUNDS.

Joe Walcott and Young "Peter" Jackson in Philadelphia—Walcott Won.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.—Joe Walcott and young "Peter" Jackson fought six rounds at the Pennsylvania Athletic Club to-night, in which Walcott had the better of it They put up a hard and fast go. Walcott was the aggressor and had the better of every round but the fourth. In this round Jackson went at Walcott furiously and compelled him to clinch to avoid punishment. In the final round Walcott turned the tables on his adversary.

BATTLESHIP ILLINOIS.

Expected to be in Attendance at the Coronation Ceremonies in England.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The big battleship Illinois has just come out of the floating dry dock at the New Orleans naval station, having successfully demonstrated the possibilities of that structure. The department has been obliged to change its plans in respect to the vessel's movements. It will be necessary to omit the call at Pensacola, which had been promised to the Florida people and instead, the ship, after touching at Havana for coal, will proceed directly north to Newport News. Under the terms of the contract of the builders the two days sea trial must be had soon and the ship must be thoroughly inspected by the board to make sure that the contractors do not escape any proper liability for deterioration. It is expected that the Illinois will be one of the American warships present at the coronation ceremonies.

WARM WIRELETS.

Prince Henry of Prussia and his party will sail for New York about February 15th, on a passenger steamer.

Admiral Schley was informally entertained on the floor of the Savannah Cotton Exchange yesterday morning for more than an hour.

The Senate of Kentucky yesterday adopted a resolution commending Admiral Schley and inviting him to address the General Assembly.

The Hepburn Nicaragua Canal bill was yesterday recived by the Senate from the House and referred to the Committee on Interoceanic Canals.

The battleship Illinois, after a stay at New Orleans of several weeks and after having successfully tested the floating dock there, sailed for Havana.

A dispatch from Caracas says: Forces of the government of Venezuela have captured Senor Lutowsky, near the town of San Carlos, in the State of Zamora.

It is said that Captain Richmond P. Hobson has not resigned from the navy, but has merely applied for a year's leave of absence, wishing to devote the time to lecturing.

The German Imperial yacht Hohenzollern will sail for New York Jan. 18th. The band of the second naval division will go to the United States on board the Emperor's yacht.

Archbishop Corrigan began his journey to the Bahama islands yesterday upon his customary canonical visitation for the administration of the sacrament of confirmation, the Bahamas being included in the archdiocese of New York.

J. P. Withers, who was until December 31st president of the American National Bank of Beaumont, Tex., was yesterday arrested by a deputy United States marshal at Kansas City on the charge of forgery, which it is stated aggregates $37,000.

Ex-Gov. James D. Porter has been elected chancellor of the University of Nashville, Tenn. He was a few months ago elected president of the Peabody Normal College, and is now the official head of both. These two institutions are conducted as one.

Senator Elkins and ex-Senator Davis, the principal owners of the West Virginia Central railroad, will build a coal line from near Fairmount, W. Va., to Arnettsville, W. Va., to develop 11,000 acres of coal mines recently acquired and the line will be extended further to reach another tract of 20,000 acres.

Burnett's Vanilla Extract is the fixed standard of excellence. It has outlived criticism. It is the finest and purest vanilla extract that can be bought.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent—Furnished Front Room in modern house down town in private family. Privilege of Bath. Address H., care STAR office. ja 14 1t

Consumers of Wood will always find the best quality of all kinds and all lengths of Wood (big Black Jack a specialty) at lowest prices at my wood yard, No. 18 South Water street, between Market and Dock. A trial will convince you. W. W. Koch, Bell 'Fone 719. ja 14 1m*

Wanted—Pork Poultry, Eggs, Beef, Cattle, Cotton, Grain, Timber, Tar and all Country Produce. Wright & Murphy, Commission Merchants, 111 North Water street. jan 11 1w*

Bankruptcy Sale—Stock of A. M. Sussman's Furniture Company will be sold at any price to vacate the present store within the next ten days. Store opens Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. jan 10 1w

Notice—Call on us for Country Produce of all kinds, Chickens, Eggs, Butter, Liver Pudding, Quail and Fruits. Also, Vegetables in season. J. F. Westbrook & Co., Wholesale and retail, 2 5 Market street, Bell 'Phone 447. dec 29 tf

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor, Princess street. dec 6 tf.

For the Next 30 Days I will sell at 10 per cent. discount for cash, all Buggies, Carts, Drays and Wagons; also, Harness of all kinds, Whips, Robes and Collars. P. H. Hayden, Third street, opposite Court House. nov 17 tf

Notice—I have just received car of Jamaica Bananas. Also have Mountain Apples, Cabbage, nutter, Potatoes, Onions and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street oct 4 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 4 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch

Best Cream Cheese,

Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,

Bagging and Ties.

SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CANE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Grace Priscilla Dixon, deceased, this is to notify all persons indebted to the deceased to make immediate payment to me, and all persons to whom she was indebted to present their claims to me on or before the 31st day of December, 1902, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

This the 24th day of December, 1901.

JAMES GALLEY, Commissioner.

A. J. MARSHALL, Attorney. tu dec 31 6t

We Take This Method

Of thanking the generous public for their past valued favors in dispensing patronage at

Our Department Stores.

Many lines of Goods have been closed out; many others partly so; yet there remains

Various and Valuable Bargains

For the economical householder to ponder over. We are now pushing everything preparatory to giving the general public the

Best Possible Footwear Service

To be had at the lowest possible cost. Try us at the

Same Old Place.

Mercer & Evans Co.

ja 5 tf

Almanacs and Calendars

For 1902.

Turner's North Carolina Almanacs, wholesale and retail.

Fancy and Office Calendars for 1902.

Ledgers Journals, Day Books, all kinds of Blank Books and Office Supplies.

New Year Presents.

We have a number of Fancy Articles, Books, Pictures, Games, Toys, etc., left over from Christmas that we are selling at greatly reduced prices.

We take yearly subscriptions for all the leading periodicals at publishers' prices.

C. W. YATES & CO.

dec 29 tf

FOR CHRISTMAS!

WE HAVE

CANDY, CAKES, NUTS,

Raisins, Apples,

Oranges, Cocoanuts.

Also a full line of Canned Goods in connection with our regular stock of heavy groceries

Write to us for prices.

Williams Bros.

dec 6 tf

"WE WILL BOND YOU."

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company.

Home Office, - BALTIMORE, MD.

Paid up Cash Capital, $1,500,000.00

Surety Bonds of every description.

FIDELITY. CONTRACT. JUDICIAL.

Judicial bonds executed without delay.

C. D. WEEKS,

General Agent,

Smith Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Correspondence solicited. nov 28 2m

Rust Proof Seed Oats.

400 bushels R. P. Seed Oats.
2,500 bushels Mixed Oats.
4,000 bush. Mixed and White Corn.
100,000 Lbs. No. 1 Tim. Hay.
158,000 pounds Hoop Iron.
1,500 Good 2nd hand Machine Bls.
500 bbls Molasses (all grades).
250 kegs Wire Nails.
800 kegs Cut Nails.

We have also en route genuine Aristook County, Maine, Seed Potatoes.
We are headquarters in our line. Get our prices.

D. L. CORE CO.,

Wholesale Groceries and Drugs.
120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
dec 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Unlucky Corner.

New Goods

Malaga Grapes, Cocoanuts, Cream of Wheat, Oranges.

Great Big Fish Roe Cheap.

Preserved Ginger, Loose Buckwheat, Prepared Buckwheat, Fresh Saratoga Chips, Fancy Red Cranberries, cleaned Currents and Raisins.
Fine Glace Citron.

S. W. SANDERS,

Both Phones 109. oct 25 tf

Well, the New Year 1902

Is here, and you will find me at the same old place with a full stock of

Horses and Mules, Buggies and Harness

For sale, and from now on I will keep for hire a complete Light Livery; all new Buggies and nice, Stylish Horses.

F. T. MILLS.

ja 5 tf

This Is Your Chance,

Why not make use of it? I am not going to advertise a "removal sale" nor a closing out sale, but I have a few Holiday Goods left over that I am offering at greatly reduced prices. They are not damaged, neither are they shoddy Goods, but, on the contrary, are strictly first class, and I am selling them at reduced rates simply because I don't want to carry them over till another Xmas.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

Bell 'Phone 612 111 Market street.
ja 5 tf Inter-State 421.

THE CLIMAX.

The Climax Barber Shop, as its name indicates, has reached the highest point of style and excellence. Give us a trial and you will receive polite attention and high class workmanship.

GUION & DAVIS,

dec 4 tf 7 South Front St.

GREAT CLOTHING SALE!

WE HAVE FINISHED TAKING STOCK IN OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT AND FIND THAT WE HAVE ABOUT $7,890 WORTH OF

CLOTHING WE WANT TO SELL.

We need the room and the way to clear out the stock is sell it almost at half price. Our clothing is all new, this winter's style, and it comprises everything in the clothing line. We have men's up to date stylish Pants as low as 89c a pair. Nice looking Pants and good at $1. All of our winter Pants we are selling at cost. Pants that we sold for $3.50 are now $2.75; $3 Pants are now $2.40; good worsted Pants for $1.19. Men's black worsted suit for $1.90. Heavy wool suits worth $7 are now $4.75.

Our $12 heavy suits are $6.75, and our $15 suits $10, beautiful goods.

Our $20 suits are $12.50; $5 suits are $3.50. Our clothing is all guaranteed as represented. If you want to buy a suit, come to us for it. We have a big line of overcoats to close out; selling them at half price. Everything from $1 69 to $12; $10.00 Raglan Coat, selling for $5.98. All wool, nice stylish Coats, worth $10.00, now $5.00. We have a big line of youth's clothing. Boys' suits at 69c, 98c, $1.25, $1.75 and $1.98 and up to $4.50. Boys' Mackintosh Overcoats, water proof, at $1.19, Men's at $1.25 and Ladies' from $2.50 to $3.75, all wool, guaranteed.

A special sale in domestic good wide Sheeting at 4½c. Indigo Blue Calico 4½c, a few pieces Satteen, dark green 36 inches wide, to close at 4½c per yard. Apron Ginghams, good quality, for 4½c. The best Feather Ticking at 13½c per yard. Splendid Canton Flannels at 5c; our 10c quality now 8c; 36-inch wide Dress Goods, worth 20c, now 11½c, In our Men and Boys' overall department we are making a special effort to give the people the best overall for the money. We are cutting the ice to get the trade. We are selling the Sweet-Orr overalls for all classes of men for 75c and 90c each. We have a special line—the Newport overall—they are better in make and material—equal in color, the most substantial dressy and serviceable overall made, $1 each. We sell the Morriss & Co. union made overall, coat and pants, for $1 a suit, better grade 69c and 75c a piece. We will be glad to have you give us a trial in this department—once a customer you will always be one—we have heavy double front overalls as low as 37c a pair. One hundred dozen new window shades just received from 12½c to 37½c each. We have some special things in Dress Goods that we are slaughtering this week; 3 pieces fine all-wool skirting goods 54 inches wide that sold for 69c per yard, to move them will sell for 25c per yard. Some beautiful fancy Crepons that sold for 50c, now 29c. Beautiful Plaid Goods that sold for 50c, now 19c.

"Mennen's Borated Talcum Powder.

Nice Fresh Lot for 11 1-2 cents per Box."

Big Racket Store,

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

jan 13 tf PROPRIETOR.

We Are Moving in Line With THE PROCESSION.

Our New Spring Goods Arriving Daily.

A Full Line of New and Fresh Spring Mattings.

Embroideries in Cambrics, Nainsooks and Swiss, with Allovers and Beadings to match.

Our line of White Goods is full and complete, consisting of Cambrics, Long Cloth, English Nainsook, Irish Linen, Victoria Lawn, Persian Lawn, French Nainsook and Linen Cambrics.
I am sole Agent for The Butterick Paper Patterns.

American Lady Corsets. Her Majesty's Corsets,

A. D. Brown,

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 29 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 12 tf

Borrowing FIRE!

IS CONSIDERED A FAVOR SOMETIMES, BUT BUYING YOUR FIRE FROM OUR HIGH GRADE GRATE AND STOVE COAL will prove more satisfactory.

We give the best goods on the market and guarantee prices against all competitors.

Our fuel has not advanced in price this year, which is more than can be said of other commodities. Remember this fact and send orders to

J. A. Springer & Co.

nov 20 tf The Veteran Dealers.

MENNEN'S TALCUM POWDER.

Special Prices

15 Cents.

Bargains in every department.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

jan 5 tf

One Minute of Time Please!

Our Bank particularly desires to secure the savings of
1—The young man who wants to get ahead, the laborer, mechanic, clerk, teacher, the capitalist, the professional man, the married woman who keeps an individual account.
2—The business man who wishes to separate his surplus profits from his general business capital.
3—The corporation, public or private that is accumulating a sinking fund.
4—In short all those who wish their deposits to draw interest. We pay 4 per cent interest, compounded quarterly on deposits Correspondence solicited.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 12 tf W. W. DICK, Cashier.